

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

VOL. XXXII, NO. 273.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., TUESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1917.

Portsmouth Daily Republican, Merged
with THE HERALD, July 1, 1902

PRICE TWO CENTS

NEW FIRM WILL BUILD THIRTY WOODEN HULLS

**Contract is the Largest for Wooden
Ships Yet Awarded by the United
States Government**

The largest contract for ships awarded in the United States has been given by the federal shipping board to the L. H. Shattuck Engineering and Construction Company, Incorporated, of this city. Thirty wooden hulls for steamers of the Ferris type, as part of the program of the emergency fleet corporation are to be built immediately at an approximate cost of \$10,000,000 by the Shattuck company at shipyards to be constructed at Newington.

The appalling loss of tonnage through the German submarine campaign will mean a rush in ship construction in this country. In equipping a plant that will complete this big order in 15 months' time as the contract reads, the Shattuck company will be placing a bid for more operations after the war. Replacing the world's tonnage as an immediate relief and for greater possibilities after the war, is the meaning of the contract which the local company received today.

The magnitude of the war order is reflected in the announcement that from 2,000 to 4,000 workers will be given employment. A veritable city in itself, necessitating the erection of a number of buildings will spring up in the idle waters of the Atlantic at Newington to restore to New Hampshire its pioneer industry of ship building. The most modern type of shipyards that present day engineers can design, and at an expense of \$400,000 will make up the plant that will "put the ship in the seat of the Granite State."

For several weeks the ship plans have been drawn by the Shattuck company and negotiations were being made at Washington by Attorney Rolland Jackson of Concord representing the firm. Action was delayed until this time through the reorganization of the shipping board. At the appointment of its new members the work ahead of this unit was

speeded up and the contract that will benefit New Hampshire generally was one of its early decisions. For wooden ship construction, the Shattuck contract to be filled in 15 months is the only one announced for more than one ship.

In anticipation of the order, tentative plans to begin immediate operations have been formulated by the Shattuck company. Multiple sub-contracts for the material going into the ships have in turn, or are about to be, given out by the company. Big items, such as help and transportation, have been given thorough consideration already and as the shipping board felt impressed with the offer of this company, and the facilities at hand in this state, an early encouragement was received here which prompted preparations for the big contract. Today, then, only the crystallizing of these arrangements is before the Shattuck company.

The hulls that will be constructed, so called the Ferris type, after the design of G. W. G. Ferris, American naval engineer, will be 300 feet long, with 46 foot beam and dead weight of 3,500 tons. The Shattuck contract is for the building of the hulls only, the installation of machinery and fitting out of the ships not being included. Eighteen ways for the launching of the ships will be erected. A feature of this will be the use of concrete in building the ways, replacing the general practice of ways of wood for the wooden ships.

Of the needed material, the biggest items are for lumber and steel. The lumber will total 45,000,000 feet and steel 90,000 tons.

All of the latest machine inventions and approved methods in the line of ship building will be applied to the new yard, which will be made one of the finest on the Atlantic coast. Elec-

(Continued on Page Five)

POPE SENDS A MESSAGE FOR PEACE

CHINA ENTERS THE GREAT WORLD WAR

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 14.—China has declared war on Germany and Austria-Hungary, according to a report at 10 o'clock this morning.

China's declaration of war means the seventeenth entrance country to join in the struggle against the Central Powers.

OPPOSED TO ERECTION OF GARAGE

It is understood that local parties contemplate the erection of a garage on Pleasant street, near state street. The proposed new building has aroused a storm of protest from people living in that vicinity and it is likely that the project will meet with much opposition.

MANY LIVES LOST ON FRENCH MERCHANTMAN

London, Aug. 14.—It was announced today that many lives were lost on a French merchantman. There were 3923 passengers aboard.

To All Belligerent Governments--Reduction of Armament, So There Will Be No Struggle for Superiority After the War is Advocated

(By Associated Press)

Washington, August 14.—Pope Benedict has sent delegates to all belligerent governments. The Pope suggests restoration of all land as a solution of the Alsace Lorraine, Trenti, Trento, and Poland disputes, according to reports received. It is expected that the proposal will be published today.

President Wilson has declared that among the proposals are reduction of armament so that there shall be no struggle after the war for superiority. The Pope declares that the injuries

to all have been so great that there should be no restoration, except for the return of territory. Whatever consideration is given will be after consultation with the allies.

The opinion was expressed that Germany would consider a new government, which has been expressed in diplomatic circles. A new peace proposal has been inspired by Germany in an attempt to split the allies.

The Pope says the nations of Europe unless the war is brought to an end, are headed for destruction.

NATIONAL GUARD NOW PERFECTED

(By Associated Press)

Washington, August 14.—The First National Guard troop has been perfected and will be commanded by Gen. W. A. Mann.

BRITISH DESTROYER SUNK BY MINE

(By Associated Press)

London, August 14.—A British destroyer was sunk by a mine in the North Sea. Two officers and 43 men were saved.

GERMAN LINES PENETRATED IN TWO PLACES

(By Associated Press)

Paris, Aug. 14.—The German lines were penetrated in two places last night by the French, having been officially announced at the war office.

VICTIMS NOW NUMBER NINETEEN

(By Associated Press)

New Haven, Conn., August 14.—The deaths in the collision on the Shore Line Electric railroad at North Branford last night total 19. Of the injured a score or more are in a serious condition.

THE WEATHER

Forecast for Portsmouth and Vicinity—Showers this afternoon or evening; Wednesday fair with westerly winds.

Sun Rises..... 5.50
Sun Sets..... 6.17
Length of Day..... 13.57
High Tide..... 8.54 am, 9.09 pm
Moon Rises..... 1.44 am
Light Automobile Lamps at..... 7.17 pm

SPAIN IS PLACED UNDER MARTIAL LAW

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 14.—A war profit tax has been placed upon Spain. Reports say an increase of 55 per cent with a salary increase of only 15 per cent. The whole of Spain has been placed under martial law.

NOTE MAKES NEW FORM OF PEACE

(By Associated Press)

London, August 14.—Numerous diplomats have interviewed with Cardinal Gaspari. The Rome correspondent says: "I am able to announce that the Holy See has sent a note to belligerent and neutral nations. The note makes a new form of peace."

IMPORT DUTY IS REMOVED

(By Associated Press)

Mexico City, August 14.—The import duty on all cotton goods has been removed for a period extending from August 1 to December 31, 1917.

HEWITT RESIGNS HIS COMMISSION

Police Officer Passes for First Lieutenant, But Will Not Serve.

Police Officer Leonard H. Hewitt has arrived back from three months' training in the army camps. He served one month at Plattsburg and two at Fortress Monroe and passed the final examination for first lieutenant in the Coast Artillery Corps. He resigned the commission shortly after and will report for police duty in a few days.

IN THE INTEREST OF THE SHIP BUILDING PLANT

F. W. Hartford, secretary of the L. H. Shattuck Company, Inc., left on Tuesday afternoon for Washington on business connected with the big ship building plant.

Let The Herald and your friends know where you are spending your vacation.

WAR BOARD ISSUES SECOND CALL FOR DRAFT

**Ninety From This District and Sixteen
Non-Residents Are Summoned to Appear for Examination**

Local Board for Division No. 1, For the County of Rockingham, State of N. H., Portsmouth, N. H.

NOTICE OF CALL AND TO APPEAR FOR PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.

The following named persons are hereby notified that, pursuant to the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, they are called for military service of the United States by this local board.

The serial number and the order number of each of such persons is shown below. They will report at the office of this Local Board for physical examination on the 15th day of August, 1917, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Any claim for exemption or discharge must be made on forms which may be procured, or the form of which may be copied at the office of the Local Board on or before the seventh day after the date of posting of this notice.

Your attention is called to the penalties for violation or evasion of the Selective Service Law approved May 18, 1917, and of the Rules and Regulations which may be consulted at this office.

Serial No.	Name	Address on Registration Card	Order No.
2017	Alex Sawansky, South Hampton, N. H.	.....	151
343	Adolph Braunau, Newmarket, N. H.	.....	152
2008	Ray Pressey Buxton, South Hampton, N. H.	.....	153
1613	Harrison Arthur deCourcy, 55 Salter St., Portsmouth	.....	154
582	Albert Martell, 92 Langdon St., Portsmouth	.....	155
726	Edgar Atwood Davis, Plinston, N. H.	.....	156
16	Marvin Mills George, East Kingston, N. H.	.....	157
305	Adolfo Gobbi, 40 Deer St., Portsmouth, N. H.	.....	158
933	Carlos O. Hobbs, 87 Hill St., Portsmouth, N. H.	.....	159
1631	Arthur Norris Page, 19 Stark St., Portsmouth, N. H.	.....	160
1255	Moses Matassian, 43 Dankel St., Portsmouth, N. H.	.....	161

(Continued on Page Five)

BOSTON AND MAINE RELEASED FROM THE STREET PAVING ORDER

**City Council Allows Petition of the Road in Middle
Street Contest--Petition for Richards Avenue
Garage is Turned Down**

After an hour spent in the mayor's office in private session with counsel for the Boston and Maine and for the City presented their clients' claims in reference to the dispute over who should do the paving between the tracks on Middle street the council opened its special session in the chamber at 9.00 o'clock. Delay and discussion held the meeting in session until 10.16 before votes were taken on the several matters before the meeting.

The petition of Frank E. Brooks for permission to build a garage, sales station, machine shop, and auto repair station and storage plant on Richards Avenue was, after much discussion,

laid on the table.

In the matter of paving Middle street the Railroad petitioned the Council to modify the order of Superintendent of Streets Haddon in which he called on the road to do the paving work between the rails and eighteen inches on each side of the rails. The road promised in its petition to do the excavating for the paving and to raise the rails as specified by Mr. Hodgdon and the Public Service Commission. The council voted to grant the petition of the road.

As the discussion in the railroad and

(Continued on Page Eight)



There's Style and Quality Both in the Dress Skirts We Sell

Every garment proves the master designing and the perfect tailoring that distinguish these from skirts made simply with a view of price cutting. Our skirts are designed to please particular people, yet prices are most attractive.

PURE WHITE SKIRTS of Gabardine and Pique \$2.98, \$3.95, \$5.00
ALL WOOL WHITE SERGE SKIRTS..... \$6.98, \$9.50
WOOL SKIRTS in novel stripes and colors \$10.00 to \$14.50
FINE QUALITY KHAKI SKIRTS..... \$3.98
SILK SKIRTS in pretty stripes and colors..... \$11.50 to \$14.50
HOUSE DRESSES, BUNGALOW APRONS, CHILDREN'S DRESSES.

GEO. B. FRENCH CO.

NEW TITLES IN 60c REBINDS

WE GET THE NEWEST BOOKS AS SOON
AS THEY ARE PUBLISHED.

"Sundown Slim," "Angela's Business," "The Mutiny of the Elsinore," "The Daredevil," "The Real Adventure," "A Country Lawyer," "The Fortunes of Garin," "Empty Pockets," "Who Goes There," "Prudence of the Parsonage," and over 400 other titles to choose from.

L. E. STAPLES MARKET STREET

RUSSIA'S NEW COURT MOST MOST DEMOCRATIC IN THE WORLD

(By Associated Press)
Petrograd, Aug. 14.—The reform of Russia's judicial system, proceeding rapidly under the Provisional Government, has brought with it the institution of women magistrates, unknown elsewhere in Europe.

The higher courts already have been reformed. One of the new government's first acts was to reinforce the famous "Judicial Statute," promulgated by Alexander II in 1864 during his brief reforming fit after the Crimean War, but abolished by his reactionary successors. The reform of the inferior local courts, the peasant courts and the police courts is a more complicated task, but virtually it is accomplished.

Chief is the reform of the Courts of the Peace, corresponding to police courts in other European states. The system of peasant jurisdiction also has been reformed by the abolition of the volost courts. Before the Revolution the rural judicial authority in the villages was the "Rural Chief" or Zemskii Natchalnik, usually retired army officer or other person without legal training, who also was administrator of peasant affairs; and therefore was often in a position to justify as magistrate his own illegal acts as administrator. The rural chiefs have all been dismissed and, for the peasants as already for the so-called "privileged classes," justice definitely is severed from administration.

The reform of the courts of the peace is radical. Formerly a single

magistrate of the peace sat in judgment. In future three magistrates will sit, the chairman having the rank of Justice of the Peace and the two others being members of the peace court. The electoral principle on American lines is introduced. By a law of June, 1912, the old government consented to election of peace magistrates; but the law was only partially put in force, as it was distasteful to reactionary ministers. The law of 1912 will now everywhere be put in force.

The qualification for voting for the magistrates has been democratized, as was demanded in 1912 by all progressive parties in the Duma. Henceforth any person of either sex more than twenty-five years old, who has passed a secondary school or higher school examination may be elected Justice of the Peace. This opens the position of petty judge to practically all women of the middle and upper classes and to many women from the poorer classes. Men and women without this educational qualification may be elected if they have had legal experience as court, officials or lawyer's clerks. As subordinate "members of the peace court," sitting with the chairman or chairwoman, any man or woman who can read or write may be elected.

An appeal will, as heretofore, lie to the peace sessions (Mirovoi Szezd). The reform makes Russia's system of petty administration of justice one of the most democratic in the world.

MANY LETTERS FOR THE BOYS IN THE NAVY GO ASTRAY

(By Associated Press)
Washington, August 14.—Hundreds of letters addressed to men on board ships of the United States navy go astray for lack of proper information on the part of senders on the right way to address them.

All mail to bluejackets at sea should be addressed first of all in a legible hand writing; not of importance is to know positively on which ship the man is or was stationed, says an official announcement. A letter to John Avery Smith on board the U. S. S. South Carolina, should be addressed as follows:

John Avery Smith,
U. S. S. South Carolina,
Care Postmaster,
New York City, N. Y.

If a correspondent does not know to which ship a man has been assigned, write to the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington, giving his full name in full, address, place of enlistment and the branch of service in which he enlisted. There are five separate branches in the navy, first, the regular navy; second, the marine corps; third, the national naval reserve force; fourth, the national naval flying corps.

When one, if not certain, that the man sought has enlisted in the navy, but would like to leave him, the following letter addressed to the Bureau of Navigation would serve as a guide:

Bureau of Navigation,
Navy Department,
Washington, D. C.
Is there a man in the navy by the name of John Avery Smith, age about thirty-one years; height 5 feet 8 inches; weight about one hundred and seventy pounds; brown hair; blue eyes; home address is Cumberland, Maryland. If so, please notify yours very truly,
Mrs. John Avery Smith,
152 Penick street,
Boston, Mass.

If men enlisting in the navy will furnish relatives and friends with the following information, much time, worry and patience will be saved. They should give their name in full, rating, in which branch of the service they have enlisted, place of enlistment and, if possible, to which ship they were assigned. If these suggestions are followed mail will reach its destination with little loss of time.

The address to all men on board ships is Care of Postmaster, New York.

come to the secretary, and in addition a number of the best known handbills in New England have entered the town's muster to be held on Sept. 4.

KITTERY POINT

Kittery Point, August 14.—The funeral services of Mrs. Julia Todd was held at the Baptist church at two o'clock on Monday afternoon. Rev. E. W. Cummings officiating. Several selections were rendered by Albert Sprague. The flowers were very beautiful. Interment took place in the church cemetery. A. T. Parker having charge. Among those who were present were Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Todd of Beverly, Mrs. Edwin Todd of Beverly, Mrs. Caswell and daughter of North Kittery.

Christian Endeavor prayer meeting will be held at the First Christian church this evening at 7.30. Topic, "The Sin of Gossip and Scandal."

The Community house will be open for prayer service this evening. Rev. John A. Waterworth as speaker. Weekly prayer meeting of the Baptist church will be held at the vestry at 7.30.

Miss Gussie Phillips and Miss Bernice Phillips have returned to their home after visiting relatives in Boston for a few days.

Miss Mary has resumed her duties in Portsmouth after a two weeks' vacation.

Among the latest arrivals at Ash Knoll Farm are Miss Louise Marston of Boston, Mrs. James S. Gallagher and daughters Frances and Helen of Chicago and the Misses Knaw of Boston.

Don't forget the mid-summer sale at the Congregational church on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Miller of Brockton, Mass., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Martin Seward.

W. S. Palmer of Salem, Mass., was a visitor in town on business today.

Mrs. R. H. Benny of Robury, Mass., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tohey.

Mrs. Edmund Knowlton of Beverly, Mass., was a visitor in town on Monday.

Frank Davis has returned to Boston after visiting his daughter, Mrs. Chas. Perry for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Phillips have returned to their home in Lynn, Mass., after visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Phillips.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Blake and two children have returned to Malden, Mass., after passing two weeks with Mrs. Annie Blake of Tenney's Hill.

Mrs. Leslie Farr has returned to the Pepperell after passing a few days in Boston.

Exeter, August 14.—Forty-three reported yesterday for the examinations for the draft at the second district of Rockingham county at the county building, conducted under the direction of Dr. A. W. Mitchell of Epping. Dr. R. S. Perkins of Exeter, Judge H. L. Grinnell of Derry and George W. Lamont of Exeter.

During the morning hours the first 19 examined all passed the physical test, yet there were many claims for exemption filed. Among the early ones to file exemption papers were: Oskar Goyette of Derry, dependents; Stanislaw Jakowski of Exeter, dependents; Clarence C. Corliss of Northwood, dependents; John W. French of Epping, son of aged and infirm parents; Irving L. Bond of Derry, already enlisted; Wilfred Maeda of Derry, dependents; Ralph L. Nadeau of Exeter, dependents; James B. Hatzidonas of Derry, dependents; Arthur B. St. John of Derry, dependents; Harry C. Edwards of Chester, dependents.

Late in the day three had been rejected for physical disability, they being Harold P. Spear of Derry, Benjamin W. Austin of Salem and William W. Gaffrey of Epping.

Others filed exemption later in the afternoon and others were rejected. The first day's record will be tabulated early tomorrow morning.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Plingree passed Sunday at Hampton Beach.

Mrs. Charles P. Rogers of Boston was a week-end visitor with Mrs. D. P. Wells on Elliot street.

A recent visitor was William B. Neuharth of the class of '83 at the Phillips Exeter academy.

Recent plans for changes at the graduates house call for three dining rooms opening into one another in case of need for large parties.

Agnes Hill of Franklin is the guest of Chief of Police and Mrs. Elynn A. Barker on the Epping road.

Paul G. Goodrich took the oath of special officer yesterday, and this morning commenced duty for two weeks to relieve Officer Charles J. Mitchell, who is on a two weeks' vacation. Mr. Goodrich will serve during the vacation of the other officers.

Attorneys Benjamin T. Bartlett of Derry and Charles H. Batchelder of Portsmouth were at the county building yesterday on legal business.

Miss Ruth L. Stearns, secretary to Mayor Harry W. Spaulding of Manchester, is passing her vacation at York Beach.

SECOND CALL FROM KITTERY, ELIOT AND YORK

Young Men From Second District to Report This Week.

The following young men in the second district of York county have been called from the towns of Eliot, Kittery and York for the examination to be held on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week:

Order No. 205, serial No. 2135, Howard Taylor, York, Me.
Order No. 208, serial No. 1334, Warren L. Spinnery, South Eliot, Me.
Order No. 215, serial No. 2047, Geo. A. Hooper, York Center, Me.

Order No. 222, serial No. 2078, August Neal, York, Me.
Order No. 224, serial No. 2119, Parker D. Seagle, York Beach, Me.
Order No. 225, serial No. 2360, Eliot H. Emery, Kittery, Me.
Order No. 231, serial No. 2034, Napoleon Gleason, York Harbor.

Order No. 235, serial No. 2134, Duncan S. Melville, Kittery.
Order No. 232, serial No. 1276, Chas. W. Frost, Eliot.

Order No. 309, serial No. 2055, Frank John Kimball, York, Me.
Order No. 314, serial No. 2082, John A. Nowell, York.

Order No. 315, serial No. 2116, Salvatore Salerno, York Harbor.
Order No. 258, serial No. 2336, Claude R. Colby, Kittery.

Order No. 259, serial No. 1275, Willie C. Franklin, Eliot, Me., or Okolobuck, Me.
Order No. 260, serial No. 2316, Philip E. Brooks, Kittery.

Order No. 282, serial No. 2503, John F. Stevens, Kittery, Me.
Order No. 292, serial No. 2396, Francis L. Hatch, Kittery, Me.

Order No. 384, serial No. 1256, Edward M. Brooks, South Eliot, Me.
Order No. 216, serial No. 2365, Walter B. Fernald, Kittery.

Order No. 380, serial No. 1281, Henry N. Goodwin, Eliot, Me.
Order No. 284, serial No. 1305, Odis A. Margulies, Eliot, Me.

Order No. 256, serial No. 2151, William H. O'Brien, Kittery, Me.
Order No. 297, serial No. 2024, Geo. A. Ernest, York Beach, Me.

Order No. 317, serial No. 2012, John S. Chase, York Beach.
Order No. 272, serial No. 1314, Edward E. Phipps, Eliot, Me.

Order No. 306, serial No. 2102, Aaron P. Pratt, York.
Order No. 324, serial No. 2303, Walter A. Blake, Kittery.

Order No. 243, serial No. 2128, Clifton G. Stone, York Village.
Order No. 343, serial No. 2462, Walter E. Pettigrew, Kittery.

Order No. 344, serial No. 2516, Theodore Tucker, Kittery.
Order No. 375, serial No. 2302, Ralph W. Sterling, Kittery, Me.

Order No. 380, serial No. 2081, Walter N. Norton, York Beach, Me.
Order No. 325, serial No. 2456, Arthur H. Southard, Kittery.

Order No. 330, serial No. 2439, Guy D. Mitchell, Kittery Point.
Order No. 370, serial No. 2456, Wallace E. Pateh, Kittery.

Order No. 362, serial No. 2421, Allen J. Lewis, Kittery.
Order No. 327, serial No. 1287, Herbert L. Herli, Eliot.

Order No. 285, serial No. 2517, John S. Waldron, Kittery, Me.
Order No. 287, serial No. 2376, Raymond J. Gerry, Kittery, Me.

Order No. 275, serial No. 2118, Nelson L. Moulton, Kittery, Me.
Order No. 277, serial No. 2005, Giuseppe C. Carmine, York, Me.

FRESH FRUITS IN DESERTS

Peach pudding—A satisfactory way to use early and sour peaches, which seem so good enough to serve fresh, is to bake them in the following easily made pudding. Cream two table

spoonfuls of butter and add half a cup of sugar. Add a well-beaten egg half a cup of milk and one cup of flour, which has been sifted with two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Butter a pudding dish; place a layer of the cut-up peaches in the bottom, pour the batter over and bake. A sauce flavored with a few of the peaches which have been stewed is good with this. Sugar and cream is also a favorite to serve with this peach pudding. Since the pudding batter is not very sweet, it will take a sweet sauce.

Kittery, Aug. 14.—Mrs. Hattie Wentworth of Danne street is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Fred Noyes of Somerville, Mass.

The official board of the Government Street Methodist church has extended a call to Rev. G. Frank Jenner of Barnstead, N. H., to become its pastor.

Mrs. J. E. Paul of Stinson street passed Monday with relatives in York.

Mrs. Joseph Banger and children have returned to their home in East Waterbury, Mass., after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Henderson of Love lane.

Miss Lillian Moore resumed her duties in Portsmouth on Monday after a two weeks' vacation.

The regular midweek prayer meeting will be held tonight at the Methodist vestry.

Mr. and Mrs. William Woods of Weymouth avenue have returned from their brief wedding trip.

Miss Sadie Fernald has returned from Saco and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Philbrick of Rogers road for a few days.

Mr. Charles Plakham of Love lane, who last week while at his work at the navy yard had the misfortune to break his left collar bone, and was otherwise badly shaken up, is now slowly improving.

Mrs. Penland of Cleveland, O., is the guest of Mrs. H. C. Moody of Otis avenue.

Mrs. Annie Howes of Stinson street is passing a few weeks in Eliot.

The members of York Rebekah Lodge are planning for a picnic at Sea Point in the near future.

George Ferguson of Shapleigh has taken employment on the navy yard.

Mrs. Maurice Gerry and two daughters returned on Monday to their home in Wakefield, Mass., after a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Stinson of Hentley's Corner.

Mrs. Sarah Trevelyan of Walker street was a recent visitor at York Beach.

Samuel Knight was operated on at the Portsmouth hospital on Monday for appendicitis.

Mrs. E. E. Shapleigh, Edward E. Shapleigh, Jr., and Mrs. and Mrs. Lloyd Shapleigh motored to Brunswick, Me., on Sunday.

Wilson Long of Malden has been a recent visitor in town.

Mrs. James Mallory of Boston has returned home after a visit with her aunt, Mrs. Almon Spinnery of Jones avenue.

Mrs. Isaac Lambert and daughter, Eva, of Commercial street, are passing a week with relatives in South Berwick.

Howard Langdon of Central street passed Monday in Dover.

Leslie Heaney of Central street was a visitor at Old Orchard on Sunday.

Rev. and Mrs. William Forgrave of Portsmouth were guests of friends in town on Monday.

The meeting of the First Aid Class was held on Monday.

The annual reunion of the 27th Maine Regimental Association will be held at the Farmer's clubhouse, Kennebunkport, on Tuesday, Aug. 28.

"Lessons from the Parable of the Good Samaritan" will be the subject of the talk by Rev. C. L. Nichols at the prayer meeting tonight at the Second Christian church.

Mrs. Willard Howe of Detroit, Mich., is passing this month with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Lombard, at their summer home at Walker's Crossing.

Mussels for roasting, \$1.00 bushel. Ed. Brown, Locke's Cove.

Notice.

A special meeting of the Riverside Association will be held in the Association room, Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 7.30 o'clock p. m. All members are requested to be present. Per order of A. B. DANON, Secretary.

NEW GUESTS AT THE WENTWORTH

Arrivals at the Wentworth on Monday include: Major General S. S. Sumner, Mrs. E. E. Wentworth, Judge Joseph A. Sheehan, Daniel J. Morse, Boston; H. C. Grinnell and family, Charlton, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. William J. Walter, New York, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Houghton, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Leach, Brookline; Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Vandeyck, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Robinson, New York; Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Mullin, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Strachan, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Van Summit, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Luce, Rutherford, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Ellis, Hartford; Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Henderson, New York.

For any richness of the skin, for skin rashes, pimples, etc., try Doan's Ointment. 60c at all drug stores.

Arthur Dedes

129 Market St.

TELEPHONE NO. 59

WHOLESALE COMMISSION
MERCHANT IN

Fruits and Produce

Potatoes, Select Oranges, Grapefruit, Peaches,
Pineapples, Bananas, Plums, Pears,
Grapes, Melons, Berries

Naval Stores Contractor

Mr. Dedes personally selects these fruits at the Boston and New York markets.

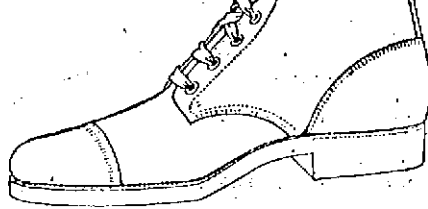
Dealers in Rockingham County, N. H., and York County, Me., will find it to their advantage to buy their Fruits and Country Produce of

Arthur Dedes

The Doughboy Shoe

The
Doughboy
Shoe

Invented by
Major H. D.
Corbuser, medical Reserve
Corps, U. S.
Army.



A shoe for the hiker, the soldier, and for all out-doors, hard as nails and comfortable as moccasins. Supports, strengthens, sustains, comforts and protects.

\$11.50

N. H. BEANE & CO.,

5 Congress Street

22 High Street

PRESERVING

Preserving time is here and now is the time to lay in your winter's supply of food. Don't let vegetables or fruit die on the vines, but put them in glass jars. Following is a partial list of things we sell in the preserving line:

FRUIT JARS—Half pints, pints, quarts and half gallons
The Ideal and Economy are the best two sellers.
JELLY TUMBLERS, JELLY STRAINERS,
GOOD LUCK RUBBERS, ECONOMY TOPS,
PATENT CANNERS,
WIRE RACKS (To be used in a wash boiler)
PAROWAX,
PRESERVING KETTLES.

THE SWEETSER STORE

126-128 Market Street.

Tel. 310

A. P. WENDELL & CO.

Automobile Supplies
Tennis Goods
Fishing Tackle
Golf Clubs
Thermos Bottles

HAMPTON BEACH

Hampton Beach, August 11.—The Board of Trade children's playground is now in operation, and without doubt it is the most popular institution on Hampton Beach. For a start, there has been erected a set of six rope swings, a set of six Roman rings, an aerial ladder and a set of teeter boards. Everything has been placed in position in the soft sand of the beach at the head of B street with the exception of the teeter boards and they will be completed in a day or two.



You Who Build for Investment

WHEN building for investment you must first consider cost—the factor which determines the profit. Yet you do not sacrifice either quality or appearance. Time spent in considering materials, with these objects in mind, is time well spent.

If you are really going to build we can secure for you, FREE, some handsome and very practical booklets on this subject. No obligation and send us your name and address.

Lamfield
Lumber Co.

Note—The beautiful grain of North Carolina Pine, as well as its splendid susceptibility to staining, and its resistance to insect attack, makes it especially desirable for interior trim.

From seven o'clock in the morning until, after ten o'clock the place is over-run with all kinds, conditions and sizes of "kicks" to see them, and hear them is an attraction in itself, and the danger of an accident is reduced to a minimum on account of the soft sand beneath the swings and rings. It is hoped that generous citizens and residents of the beach will see fit to donate other playground paraphernalia which will be highly appreciated by the organization as well as by the children of the beach.

Hampton Beach has for several seasons been a Mecca for pickpockets. They flock here during the Carnival week and take advantage of the absence of inspectors who know and can spot them. As an evidence of the fact that the beach is not free from this unhappy pest, Sgt. James R. Chaffin of the Boston police department spotted one of the most notorious pickpockets of the country sitting on the veranda of the Ocean House hotel. The crook evidently spotted Chaffin as quickly as he himself had been spotted, for when the Boston detective maneuvered around to the entrance for the purpose of having a little chat with the crook, the latter darted, and has not been seen since.

For the first three days of this week the vaudeville attraction on the open air stage will be the Dennis Brothers, wizards of the revolving ladder. For the last three days of this week the outside attraction will be the Six Solomons in a spectacular aerial act.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stark of Manchester, with their son and daughter were among the many residents of the Queen City who motored to the beach Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Leon Evans with their children returned to Concord yesterday morning after spending two weeks at the Davis cottage, Ross avenue.

Louise Haines and Agnes Donovan of Concord are stopping at the Pelham hotel.

Manchester people who have been stopping at the Hunters include: Mrs. Newburn Swatt, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hugel, Miss Katherine Harrington, Miss Mabel M. Callahan, Miss Mabel A. Schriener, Mrs. Annie Edwards and son Ryan.

Entries for the modified migration races which has been a yearly feature of Carnival week are beginning to

CARD OF THANKS.

The undersigned wish to heartily thank the friends for their beautiful floral offering to the memory of our loved one, Mrs. Julia Todd, also for all the kindnesses given to us.

G. Hyland Mitchell and Family,
Charles N. Todd and Family,
Kittery Point, Me., Aug. 14, 1917.

Miss Ruth L. Stearns, secretary to Mayor Harry W. Spaulding of Manchester, is passing her vacation at York Beach.

Weather Hot

calls for suitable clothing.

You want to see the nice, "cool molars" and "tropical worsteds" that we have. You cannot be anything but cool in one of them. We also have thin summer serges and nankees.

WOOD

THE TAILOR
Maker of Quality Clothes

HOOVER BEGINS HIS DRIVE TO CUT DOWN FOOD PRICES

Washington, Aug. 13.—Creation of a grain control board within the food administration to supervise distribution of wheat and manufacture and sale of flour will be announced within a few days. To the board will be delegated authority to carry out regulations governing wheat and flour and announced last night by the food administration.

President Wilson will issue a series of executive orders giving the food administration powers conferred on the executive under the food control bill. The first will deal with wheat and flour, and will direct the food administration to proceed Sept. 1 with the enforcement of the regulations announced last night.

Wheat and flour are taken up first, it was said today at the food administration, because the wheat crop is beginning to move, making it the most difficult problem to handle now. The movement of most other foodstuffs is about the same month by month.

Preparation of a form of license under which grain elevators and flour mills will operate after Sept. 1 was begun today.

Hoover, today began his drive on high prices. His first effort is directed toward lowering and stabilizing the price of the American loaf. His next step will be to stabilize prices on canned goods, meats and other foodstuffs.

He started today by saying nothing on wheat, because that he will vigorously enforce the food control law, and declared the government is prepared to buy the whole 1917 wheat harvest—approximately 850,000,000 bushels—if necessary to protect both producer and consumer. He called upon all elevator millers, distributors and bakers to restrict margins of profit.

Here's the program:

There is what he proposes to do, starting Sept. 1:

License all elevators and mills over 100 barrels daily capacity.

Open government agencies to purchase wheat at all the principal terminals and resell at reasonable prices for export and to millers.

Establish a committee under President Garfield of Williams College to determine a fair price for the 1917

wheat harvest.

Call upon elevators and millers to fix a price schedule based on patriotism, designed to stabilize the price of wheat, flour and finally bread.

To insure response, Hoover will issue licenses only to those elevators and millers who guarantee to charge a reasonable price for warehouse service, to store no wheat more than 30 days without his approval, and to submit regular reports on receipts and shipments. Grain exchanges have been asked to suspend all quotations on future wheat.

Persons, whether or not engaged in the trade, holding wheat or flour contracts larger than necessary for ordinary business will be prosecuted, and are advised to "liquidate their contracts at once."

To encourage the home production of flour, Hoover will stipulate for a large proportion of flour export instead of wheat.

Grain Men to Co-operate With Hoover
Chicago, Aug. 13.—Grain men of the nation have already adjusted themselves to meet conditions outlined in Herbert Hoover's announcement that the government is ready to take over the 1917 wheat crop.

This was the statement today of a Chicago board of trade official, who said the announcement would have but little, if any, effect on the market.

Coincident with this statement, the wheat market opened at \$2.14, but 1 cent lower than Saturday's close. Corn was down a fraction.

Grain men have been collaborating with Hoover for weeks and are familiar with the conditions he outlines, the official said.

J. P. Griffin, president of the board of trade, telegraphed to Hoover today that the board would give him full co-operation.

H. W. Snow, crop expert, bore out the statement of the official that grain men generally had anticipated Hoover's contemplated action and had not speculated in wheat for several weeks.

Thousands of grain elevators will be affected by the proposed grain license, he said.

Grain men, Snow believes, are in full accord with Hoover.

one another, rejoiced. Malinowsky became so valuable that his salary from the police was raised to \$25 a month. This, with his salary as Duma member, gave him an income of \$5,000 a year. He drew continued praise for his admirable revolutionary work as Duma member, and reported everything to the Security department. His speeches were carefully prepared in advance. Some were written by Lenin, and all were submitted before delivery to the Police. The Enquiry Commission found corrected drafts of the speeches in the Police offices.

Suspicion eventually fell on Malinowsky. But Lenin ridiculed the suspicion that Malinowsky was a spy, and by fresh attacks on the government Malinowsky apparently proved his sincerity. In 1914 he led the extreme left assault on Prime Minister Goremykin. He did so so sternly that he and twenty-one supporters were excluded from the sessions for a fortnight. The Assistant Minister of the Interior Djunkowsky discovered what was already known to his chief—that the revolutionist was a spy and provocateur, and he informed M. Rodzanko, speaker of the Duma. He declared, however, that there must be no police scandal. Malinowsky was allowed to resign his seat. The police continued to pay him his full salary, and he was sent abroad.

When suspicion again fell on him, his case was brought before a party court, and he was triumphantly acquitted, there being no proof whatever that he was a police spy. His protector, Lenin, sent the press an indignant denial of the espionage rumors. The real truth about Malinowsky was not known until after the Revolution. Malinowsky is now at liberty in Germany carrying on an active "Socialist" propaganda. For abolishing his elevation to Duma membership, M. Makarov, formerly Minister of the Interior is to be put on trial.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is truly marvelous to smoothen rough red hands.

For two years, Malinowsky steadily rose in favor both of the revolutionaries and of the police. In May 1912 he was elected Duma member. Both that he rapidly advanced; because a

friend of the Socialist Nikolai Lenin, who was then living in exile abroad. In 1910 the commission discovered Malinowsky began to cooperate with the "Okhrana," or Police Security Department, using his position with the Duma as respected, influential member, a burglar, police spy, informer, revolutionist, and organizer of crime. This member fact, his plan was to spy and egg on his comrades into demonstrations and political crimes, and then betray them. He was taken on at first at \$25 a month, but soon so distinguished himself a spy and informer that he was promoted; and was sent abroad by the police to watch and catch emigrant revolutionaries. He still kept Lenin's confidence and this enabled him to carry out his police work efficiently.

For two years, Malinowsky steadily

rose in favor both of the revolutionaries and of the police. In May 1912

he was elected Duma member. Both that he rapidly advanced; because a

friend of the Socialist Nikolai Lenin, who was then living in exile abroad.

In 1910 the commission discovered

Malinowsky began to cooperate with

the "Okhrana," or Police Security De-

partment, using his position with the

Duma as respected, influential mem-

ber, a burglar, police spy, informer,

revolutionist, and organizer of crime.

This member fact, his plan was to spy and egg

on his comrades into demonstrations

and political crimes, and then betray

them. He was taken on at first at

\$25 a month, but soon so distinguish-

ed himself a spy and informer that he was promoted; and was sent

abroad by the police to watch and catch

emigrant revolutionaries. He still kept

Lenin's confidence and this enabled him to carry out his police

work efficiently.

For two years, Malinowsky steadily

rose in favor both of the revolutionaries and of the police. In May 1912

he was elected Duma member. Both that he rapidly advanced; because a

friend of the Socialist Nikolai Lenin, who was then living in exile abroad.

In 1910 the commission discovered

Malinowsky began to cooperate with

the "Okhrana," or Police Security De-

partment, using his position with the

Duma as respected, influential mem-

ber, a burglar, police spy, informer,

revolutionist, and organizer of crime.

This member fact, his plan was to spy and egg

on his comrades into demonstrations

and political crimes, and then betray

them. He was taken on at first at

\$25 a month, but soon so distinguish-

ed himself a spy and informer that he was promoted; and was sent

abroad by the police to watch and catch

emigrant revolutionaries. He still kept

Lenin's confidence and this enabled him to carry out his police

work efficiently.

For two years, Malinowsky steadily

rose in favor both of the revolutionaries and of the police. In May 1912

he was elected Duma member. Both that he rapidly advanced; because a

friend of the Socialist Nikolai Lenin, who was then living in exile abroad.

In 1910 the commission discovered

Malinowsky began to cooperate with

the "Okhrana," or Police Security De-

partment, using his position with the

Duma as respected, influential mem-

ber, a burglar, police spy, informer,

revolutionist, and organizer of crime.

This member fact, his plan was to spy and egg

on his comrades into demonstrations

and political crimes, and then betray

them. He was taken on at first at

\$25 a month, but soon so distinguish-

ed himself a spy and informer that he was promoted; and was sent

abroad by the police to watch and catch

emigrant revolutionaries. He still kept

Lenin's confidence and this enabled him to carry out his police

work efficiently.

For two years, Malinowsky steadily

rose in favor both of the revolutionaries and of the police. In May 1912

he was elected Duma member. Both that he rapidly advanced; because a

friend of the Socialist Nikolai Lenin, who was then living in exile abroad.

In 1910 the commission discovered

Malinowsky began to cooperate with

the "Okhrana," or Police Security De-

partment, using his position with the

Duma as respected, influential mem-

ber, a burglar, police spy, informer,

revolutionist, and organizer of crime.

ARMY TO BE IN TRAINING BEFORE OCTOBER FIRST

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Aug. 13.—The entire first increment of the new National Army of 637,000 will be in training early in October. It was announced today by the Provost Marshal. The first thirty percent of the draft will be trained by Sept. 5, with the second and third increments will be called to the camps on Sept. 15 and Sept. 30, respectively, while the additional ten percent will be sent into training shortly after.

The plan of assembling the army in three increments is done to permit the dispatch of the task by stretching the supplies and work through the month of September, to prevent confusion by too great congestion at the camps and to permit the newly trained officers to become familiar with their work.

The order will place about 12,000 in each of the sixteen contingents by Sept. 5 when they will be examined by army surgeons and accepted or rejected finally for training at the camps and later in France where the work will be completed within sound of the guns on the battle fronts.

The first increment will likely be divided into skeleton companies, battalions and regiments. With the arrival of the second increment after examination the new men will be placed in the already partly formed commands and with the arrival of the third and fourth increments even less confusion will result in the completion of the units.

Harvesting Not to be Interrupted.
In farming communities the local selection boards have been instructed to select for the first increments the men who can best be spared from work. With the harvesting not yet finished and still likely to be going on when the first call is made the men least necessary to the work will make up the first and second increments of the draft.

New questions of exemption claims for dependents arose and were ruled on by the Provost Marshal today when he declared that conscripts planning discharge because of dependents in foreign countries would not be allowed.

The order exempting all railway mail clerks has not yet been given by the Provost Marshal and only chief and assistant chief clerks will be exempted on-blue by the post office department. The original plan to exempt all railway mail men from the draft was an error on the part of the department in interpreting the orders from General Crowder. In post office only chief clerks and highly specialized distributors are exempt, postmasters not being exempt by the orders.

Ambulance Service No Claim.

Boston, Aug. 13.—The question of the status of many New England College students serving in ambulance corps in France was ruled upon by Provost Marshal General Crowder today in order to Charles F. Getteny, director of enrollment, the general ruling the ambulance service was not a military service. He ruled that "men in the Red Cross were not serving military departments and that such service was not a claim for exemption or discharge from the draft." He also ruled that medical students in colleges would not be exempt as a class.

Advices from General Crowder to Getteny showed that there would be an embolus exemption because of vocations and that before a man could secure discharge or exemption from the draft because of his work he must show that his work is far more important to the government in his private capacity and vocation than he would be in military service.

TEMPERANCE PLAN TRIED IN RUSSIA

(By Associated Press)

Petrograd, August 12.—The provisional government is about to issue a decree transferring to the Zemstvos county councils the "Guardianship of Public Sobriety" and it is expected that institutions will be abolished or radically reformed. It is believed, perhaps the only social reform experiment in which automatic Russia claims to lead the world.

The Sobriety Guardianship are a creation of the late Count Sergius Witte, Russia's former minister of finance. When Witte in 1895 appropriated to the state without compensation all private vodka saloons, and proclaimed the state to be sole retailer, retailer and retail seller of spirits, he believed that his ultimate aim was to reduce the consumption of vodka. He

reasoned that the state, if it lost revenue through decline or consumption, would gain revenue from other sources owing to the increase in the population's economic productivity.

In order to diminish intemperance, the state decided, must provide national amusements and recreations for the peasants. This was all the work necessary because the state liquor monopoly law forbade drinking in saloons and thereby destroyed the working man's only social club. The state, which even early in the monopoly's history was making a net profit of \$250,000,000 (in addition to excise duty) was to subsidize the new amusements and recreations.

On these lines Count Witte created the Guardianship of public sobriety and gave them such subsidies as state finances allowed. Every province has a supreme Guardianship and every district of a province had a subordinate Guardianship. Petrograd, Moscow and a few other large cities had independent Guardianships. The Guardianships organized People's theatres, reading rooms, concerts, lectures and holiday fetes and later arranged for a "temperance" railroad train in which in different districts lectures against drink were delivered and diagrams and other exhibits to show the hygienic and social evils were delivered. The president of the Guardianship was Emperor Nicholas' kinsman Prince Peter or Didenberg.

No state except Russia ever conceived such a comprehensive scheme of temperance propaganda. But the Guardianships had only a qualified success. In accord with the old bureaucratic system, the members were recruited mainly from official workers, backed by the church and army. Independent social workers and experts, especially those with liberal political ideas were excluded. At the same time the monopoly failed from every standpoint except that of state finance. Count Witte had passed a local option law giving the peasant communes the right to petition in favor of the closing of the local state drink saloons, but in practice the state ignored the petitions.

Though hampered by this, the Guardianships did some good work. They created many scores of theatres, established libraries, disseminated anti-drunk literature, and organized thousands of concerts and lectures. But Russian society held suspiciously aloof and demanded reform of the Guardianships on democratic lines. The Guardianships never took deep root as a social institution. Under the new regime they are likely to be abolished, and replaced by a temperance propaganda and by working class recreation work on democratic lines.

TEUTONS MENACE RUSSIAN AND ROMANIAN FORCES

(By Associated Press)

Infantry fighting on the western front, especially in Flanders, has little to report according to late dispatches. In South Moldavia the Teutons continue their drive against the Russo-Romanian forces.

In Flanders the Anglo, French and German troops are apparently resting in preparation for a renewal of the infantry encounters. The Teutons must thrust back the British in the center from the lately gained advances before Field Marshal Haig has had time to strengthen the salient. White Haig is preparing to widen the gap which will seriously threaten the entire German line from Dinant to the coast and southward to Lens.

The French were able to successfully repulse all German counter attacks against the Germans launched Monday at the positions gained in Saturday and Sunday's fighting while General Petain's men were able to advance slightly further into the German lines in places.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out of control, probably one of the machines which took part in the raid.

Another American ship has been sunk, the bark Christians, sunk off the Azores by a mine.

The German airplanes which raided the southeast coast of England on Sunday evidently had London as the objective but the British aviators succeeded in driving them off before they could reach the capital. Two German machines were destroyed. Berlin admits the loss of one machine and reports from Amsterdam record the landing on Dutch soil of one German machine out

The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted, by The Herald Publishing Company.

TERMS—\$4.00 a year when paid in advance; 10 cents a month; 2 cents per copy. Delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.

Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

TELEPHONES:
Editorial 28 | Business 37



Portsmouth, N. H., Tuesday, August 14, 1917.

A Rather Humiliating Start.

It begins to look as if something would have to be done to prevent the raising of an army by conscription from being turned into a farce. The large percentage of the men who fail to pass the physical examination and the still larger percent that file claims for exemption are leaving but a fraction of the number called available for service.

The condition is such that it is seen that the rules for exemption must be modified, and it is quite probable that the physical examination may come to be regarded as a little too strict. There must be something radically wrong when nearly 50 per cent of young men between the ages of 21 and 30, the very prime of physical manhood, fall short of the qualifications for military duty. If these deficiencies are genuine, it may well be asked, as is already being asked in some quarters, whether the American people are degenerating. Certainly we should look upon any other people unable to make a better showing than that as mighty poor stock.

It is hinted that in some places examining physicians have aided drafted men in failing to pass examination by putting drugs in their eyes to affect their sight and by administering medicines to affect their hearts. This seems incredible, but it is plain that many of the men who have been drafted are very anxious to avoid service. Many of them are in a position to do anything that can be done with money, and all know there is such a thing as bribery and that persons susceptible to it are sometimes found in unexpected quarters. For these reasons, whether the published reports are true or not, it will be in order for the government to stand on guard at this point.

In providing grounds for exemption the framers of the draft law endeavored to make regulations which would be fair and just, but it looks now as if these would have to be revised. General Crowder says "unfair advantage is being taken of the regulations designed to protect men who properly should be exempted from military service, and threatens to interfere seriously with the raising of the national army."

In some places as high as 80 per cent of the men called are filing claims for exemption. This is ridiculous, and it is no wonder that General Crowder is calling the attention of state governors to the situation and suggesting that more rigid regulations will have to be adopted if the abuse continues.

And the most disheartening thing of all is the widespread desire to avoid service. We have been hearing a great deal about defending the rights, honor and dignity of the nation, and now when the pinch comes there is altogether too much of a scramble to keep out of the ranks. If this is a correct indication of the spirit of the country the United States will be a disappointment to the Allies, who had reason to expect something far different. There will have to be a change of program if this country is to play its proper part in the great struggle across the water.

Representative Kitchen, majority leader of the House, in criticizing taxation measures, speaks of propositions which would ease up on the big fellows "while the merchant or farmer with \$20,000 capital and making \$6,000 a year would pay over \$1,800 in taxes." It is safe to say that few farmers working on a capital of \$20,000 and clearing \$6,000 a year would object to paying taxes of \$1,800.

If it is true, as reported, that unusual pains will be taken to weed out of the war armies all men whose nerves are in the least affected it will mean a mighty shrinkage in the list to be drawn from. There are thousands of young men in the country whose nerves have been seriously affected for some weeks past, and who have not yet recovered their equilibrium.

Organized resistance to conscription is reported from different parts of the country, this being particularly pronounced in Oklahoma. It is bad business, and those engaged in it will find themselves worse off before they get through than they would have been if they had entered the ranks like men.

First Lieutenant Otho E. Michaelis of the 16th United States infantry has been court-martialed and dismissed from the service. And the evidence shows that it was not on account of his name. Financial irregularities were at the bottom of the trouble.

A Boston paper says big profits are being made by fishermen because of plentiful harvests and prevailing high prices. It should have gone a point further and explained why high prices should prevail when harvests are so plentiful.

It's all off in Russia. General Brussiloff has resigned as commander-in-chief of the army. General Korniloff has been appointed generalissimo and General Shermiloff has been appointed to succeed General Korniloff.

There is some expense connected with the raising of an army by conscription. Secretary Baker reports that the cost of the first draft, from registration to enrollment, will exceed \$8,500,000.

From the Exchange

Make It a Holiday.
(Manchester Union)

We should like to see the suggestion that the day of departure for camp of the selective service men be made a national holiday. It is true that all the wheels need to turn pretty much all the time in order that the nation's war business may be done, but here is a first thing in American history, a great thing, too, and it ought not to pass without appropriate observance.

In Japan, on the day of every year when a new class of boys goes into training, there is a nation-wide demonstration. Business suspends, the flags are thrown out, music and color are everywhere, flower-laden girls escort the boys to the railway stations, and the youth of Japan goes away for its military schooling with the impression that the whole nation is solidly and enthusiastically behind it. It is a fine thing for the boys, and a good thing for the people at home.

And were we to turn out on September 3 and give our selective service men a splendid send-off, it would be as good for us as it would be encouraging for them. We have all too few of these things. Thus far the war has been pretty much a matter of intellectual process. The argument can be stated with force and precision by great numbers of our people, and from this time on it is quite surprising to discover with what accuracy some men are following the course of the several armies in Europe. But at the same time there is a subtle, baffling air of detachment with all this in many cases—an absence of the thing that gives one the impression of intensely felt reality.

Sometimes we have thought that this is what is meant when it is said that we are apathetic, that our imagination has not yet caught and reflected the flame and the crash and groan of the war. We are not devoid of very genuine interest in this great struggle in which we are engaged, but, somehow, we are going about things as if it were not a struggle, perhaps. The idea may be illustrated by comparing the American and foreign newspapers. We read here of the assembling of our gathering hosts, all in terms of figures and efficiency. And then we pick up the London Times and read an account of the making of the British army. It is like passing from an icehouse into the glare and heat of a furnace. One is reminded of Longfellow's lines in his cathedral poem, and of the "agony of heart and brain," and the faith triumphing over despair, out of which the wonderful fabric was created. We read our own accounts of the bombardment in Flanders, and hear it; and then turn to the London papers, go down with them in our hands to the sex, and feel it. Of course, this cannot be otherwise. They are in the thing, fighting with their backs against the wall; we are far away, and haven't begun to fight. With them, emotion is stirred to its depths; with us the war is largely a matter of the intellect.

In time, our emotions will be stirred, too, but in the meantime we ought not to neglect opportunity to arouse them. An emotional thrill, with a bit of hope in the cheer, sweeping over and sweeping through a community, would do more to counteract in some minds the insidious poison of the deadly propaganda of interrogation with which pro-Germans are trying to unnerve our people, than a week of academic argument. And the going of the selective service men could be made just one of these stimulating incidents.

But apart from all this, we owe it to the boys to make their departure an unforgettable event in the annals of our towns and cities. Honored by being chosen to uphold the standard of freedom, they represent the last word of a free democracy regarding responsibility. This is our way now, the way of universal obligation, to defend and maintain America and all that American means. By all means, let us do all we can to show that our selective service soldiers are not men dragged into an unjust servitude, but the freest of free men chosen from among the rest of us to help perform a national duty.

Quit Your Fooling

(From the Gloucester Times)
The country has been condemning its slackers, and quite right. But let the country look at congress and see the biggest collection of slackers at present brought together in any one place. And after it has looked at the states and congressional districts, take trouble to explain to their senators and representatives why congress is so fast losing the respect of decent, hard-working patriots all over the country.

We are at war. But congress hardly seems to realize the fact. Or if it is aware it gives little evidence that it cares a great deal.

Important legislation is held up on all kinds of pretexts. Matters which are momentous for the months ahead are delayed merely because they conflict with some senator's old-fashioned ideas, or with the concealed pro-German sympathies of others. If a body deliberately sets itself to hamper as much as possible a country in the conduct of a great struggle, it could not accomplish more than the congress of the U. S. has already done.

Populist headstrong men urge for themselves every point of privilege. Men who think that their idea is the only one that amounts to anything, will not accept the judgment of their fellows but must keep on haggling

and working for it. Measures like the food bill are tossed back and forth as if the congress were engaged in a game of football rather than something which involved the very lives of the people. Personal prejudice and spite are not lacking on occasion. Take it altogether, we have seldom seen such a speculation in the halls of congress.

The country would like to see congress forget itself for a time, and give itself as a collection of business men to rapid consideration and decision of all the important matters before it. What we want and ought to have is results. It is the nation which can do things, do them quickly and do them again with force and efficiency that wins. We could act that way if congress would let us. We are all hungry for less talk and more action of the more prosperous sort.

Let's Do It Like Men!

(From the St. Paul Pioneer Press)
Americans must stop whining about the war. We have undertaken a man's job; let us tighten our belts and go to it like men.

America is not going to starve, nor go broke, nor lose all its young men; its cities are not going to be sacked, nor blown up by U-boats, nor destroyed by airships.

We have been driven into the war, it was unavoidable, inevitable; just part of the everlasting struggle between kings on one hand and liberty-loving peoples on the other. Let us muzzle the croaker and prophet of evil; translate upon the speculator; job the traitor.

What we most need is divine courage and the faith which will remove mountains. Send our fighting men forth with stout hearts as well as strong arms. Germans have shown what solidarity and courage can do in a sinister cause. Let us show how much more these weapons can do for us in a cause that is holy.

America is again face to face with stern sacrifice, that barbarism may not triumph and that popular government may not perish from this earth. Let us do it boldly with an indomitable spirit like that of '76.

Vibrating Together

(From the Cincinnati Enquirer)
In spite of the sadness and horror kindled by the war there is a mysterious peace and happiness in all our hearts. We wonder why we are not all together discouraged and broken-spirited over that "frightfulness" of which our daily papers are so full, and why, at times, we feel a certain sense of lightness and exultation. It is because we are doing something in unison as a great and determined people. It is because our hearts are vibrating together with divine emotions.

It is a sublime pleasure, this self-consciousness of a hundred million people pulling at the same rope, hammering on the same anvil, fighting the same foe, tramping toward the same goal, singing the same songs and making the same sacrifices.

It is impossible to exaggerate or to describe this joy of united thought and feeling and action. Men thrill with it when singing together an immortal hymn; when marching together in an endless procession, when swayed by the eloquence of an inspired leader, as the leaves of trees or stalks of grain are swayed by a passing wind.

Let us keep in step. We must minimize all differences. It is our duty to play discordant notes and to stay in line. It is this sense of united effort, which exalts us—this mystical system and diastole of a hundred million hearts. "In unity there is strength." "Nothing is fair or good alone." "The force of union conquers all." "Unity, for combination is stronger than with craft." Toussaint l'Ouverture declared:

Recruit the State Guard!

(From the Kansas City Times)

The opportunity to give service ought to appeal strongly to those young men registered, but not yet called under the Selective Conscription Law. As soldiers of the National Army they should welcome the preliminary training which membership in the Home Guard will afford, as well as the chance to discharge a duty to the community involved alike in their citizenship and their obligation under the draft call.

But the call is not to these young men alone. Every man who combines enough patriotism and bodily vigor to carry a gun and give one day of service a week owes it to his city to join and do his part.

Business and professional men, employees—old and young—owe an equal obligation. They owe it to the city and they owe it to the men who have gone to the nation's defense and left their families and property under the guardianship of the community.

My! But We're Hungry!

(From the Kansas City Star)
Well, all right, Mr. Hoover. When do we begin eating?

HOW TO DRY CARROTS

Avoid varieties having a large, woody core. Clean, scrape, or pare, and slice into 1/8 inch slices. Place in cheesecloth square or wire basket and plunge for 6 minutes into boiling water.

Dip for a moment in cold water. Remove surface moisture by placing between towels, or by exposing to the sun and air for a short time. Spread thinly on trays or earthenware plates. Dry in sun, oven, over kitchen stove, or before an electric fan, until brittle. Stir from time to time. Don't miss any step. Cut this out NOW and save it.

Read the Want Ads.

HOME-READING COURSE FOR CITIZEN-SOLDIERS

LESSON NO. 2.

Making Good as a Soldier.

(Preceding Lesson: 1. Your Post of Honor.)

The National Army, in which you are to take your place, truly expresses the American character and ideals. It is a great democratic army. It includes men of all degrees of wealth and education, chosen through fair and open selection by lot. All are brought together on terms of equality. There has been and there will be in this great National Army no favoritism and no "pull." The poor man will drill side by side with the man who has been raised in luxury. Each will learn from the other. The place each man makes for himself will be determined by his own work and ability.

Developing Soldierly Qualities.

The question as to whether it is better to join the colors now or with a later contingent is not worth arguing, since the decision has been made for each man by lot. An ambitious man, however, will be glad to join now. It gives him a better chance for promotion. The commissioned officers of the first contingent are picked men who have voluntarily gone through the hardest kind of training. The officers of later contingents will be drawn largely from the men enlisted in the first contingents. There is plenty of opportunity here for every man of his brains and his energy and to earn promotion according to his worth. This does not mean easy or quick advancement. It means only that you will have your fair chance—and you would ask for nothing more—to develop yourself and to climb upward step by step.

In order to make good in the National Army you must, first of all, fit yourself to carry with credit the single title of "American Citizen-Soldier"—one of the proudest titles in the world. This means that you must develop in yourself the qualities of a soldier. This more quickly and thoroughly you will do, the greater will be your satisfaction and success.

There is very little real difference of opinion as to soldierly qualities. They have been determined by ages of experience. Weapons change, but the soldiers who handle the weapons remain much the same.

Three Basic Qualities.

There are three basic qualities, without which no man can be a real soldier even though he may temporarily wear a uniform. They are:

Loyalty.
Obedience.
Physical Fitness.

A man without these qualities is in the way and is a source of weakness to an army, both in the camp and on the field of battle.

The Articles of War of the United States set forth the military crimes which are punishable by heavy penalties. Among these crimes are desertion, cowardice, insubordination, drunkenness while on duty, sleeping while on duty as a sentinel, disclosing the watchword, and giving aid or comfort to the enemy. Run over this list and you will see that every one of these military crimes can result only from the absence of one or more of the three basic qualities of a soldier.

Loyalty.

A soldier's loyalty governs, first of all, his feeling and actions toward his country, his government and his flag. There can be no such thing as half-way loyalty. The slightest compromise opens the door to treason.

But a soldier's loyalty does not stop here. It governs also his feelings and actions toward the army and toward all the officers under whom he serves. It absolutely forbids disobedience among both officers and enlisted men, or disrespect toward those in authority.

Going a step farther, loyalty governs also the soldier's feelings and actions toward his own regiment, his own company and his own squad. Without this form of loyalty there can be no real comradeship; without it you will never feel that personal pride and satisfaction in the service which should mean so much in your army life.

Obedience.

The second of the soldier's basic qualities is obedience, based on discipline. Without obedience and discipline an army can not long continue to exist; it will quickly degenerate into an armed mob. As the Infantry Drill Regulations put it, discipline is "the distinguishing mark of trained troops."

Frequently the recruit, with his in-born dislike of being bossed, makes the mistake during his first few weeks in the army of resenting the fact that immediate and unquestioning obedience is required of him. He quickly learns, however, that obedience enforced throughout the army is in all situations the chief safeguard of the rights, the comfort and the safety of every man, from the raw recruit to the commanding general. It is a guarantee that the small number of unruly or cowardly men to be found in every group shall be kept in check and forced to comply with rules made for the benefit of all.

Military discipline is always impersonal. Obedience is required, not merely of you, but of every man in the army. It is required of officers as strictly as it is required of you. It will become your duty, whenever you

are given authority over other men, to demand from them the same full measure of obedience that others will require of you.

Discipline is not only essential in developing the army, but also in developing your own character as a soldier. "The soldier who is by nature, brave, will by discipline become braver."

Physical Fitness.

The third basic quality, physical fitness, is so essential that a large part of the time devoted to your training will be spent in building it up. Physical fitness includes not only muscular development but good health and endurance as well. It is a quality which every man who passes the physical examinations can develop in himself by reasonable care and by obedience to instructions. This is a subject, more fully discussed in a later lesson.

NAVY NOTES

Giving Them the Test.

Examinations of enlisted men of the Naval Reserve to qualify for ensigns, boatswains, gunners, and carpenters began on Monday at the Charlestown Navy Yard. There is a scarcity of officers in the navy and if these men pass the tests they will enter the general service.

New Engineer Officer.

Civil Engineer Fogg has reported for duty in the public works branch of the Industrial Department at the local navy yard.

Redfield Shifted.

Ensign Humphrey Redfield, son of Secretary of Commerce William C. Redfield, has been transferred from the patrol boat Albatross at the local yard and ordered to Boston.

New Ambulance.

A new auto ambulance for the Portsmouth navy yard hospital has been put in commission.

Ranger Back.

The Massachusetts Nautical Training Ship arrived at the local yard today for a short stay.

To Meet August 20.

The Naval Relief Association will meet at the residence of the Commandant of the Portsmouth navy yard on Aug. 20 at 11 a. m. and every member is requested to be present. No further notice will be issued.

Bridge Party Aug. 22.

Mrs. Howard, wife of Captain W. L. Howard of the Portsmouth navy yard will conduct a bridge party on Aug. 22 for the benefit of the Navy Relief Association.

HOW TO DRY CABBAGE

Select well-developed heads of cabbage. Remove all loose outside leaves. Split the cabbage and remove core. Shred or cut into strips a few inches long. Place in square of cheesecloth or wire basket. Plunge into boiling water for 3 to 5 minutes. Dip for a moment in cold water. Drain, and remove surface moisture by placing between towels or by exposing to sun and air for a short time. Spread thinly on trays or earthenware plates. Dry in sun, in oven, over kitchen stove or before the electric fan until leathery. Stir from time to time. Don't miss any step. Cut this out NOW and save it.

THE MEANEST SLACKER

The meanest of all slackers is not the man who dodges the firing line. Some excuse exists for his cowardice. There is really something to fear, something to shrink from. No, the meanest slacker is the man who is exempt from military service and who considers his exemption releases him from obligations to toll and sacrifice for his country's cause. Exemption means an added obligation. "You are permitted by fortune or authority to escape the perils of the front. For the immunity thus granted you, and that is being paid for by the lives of others, you must make return in every means in your power. Last year's suit is a badge of honor to the man who has given the price of a new one for the greater comfort or safety of the boys out yonder, and an added weariness from doing an extra bit to serve them should be a sweet reward." Chicago Evening Post.

LIBERTY BONDS

SELLING AT PAR

New York, Aug. 14.—Liberty bonds for the first time since the second or third day's trading in them on the stock exchange, sold at par yesterday. Last week they sold as low as 99.52, which represented a depreciation of \$1.50 per 1,000.

Today's inquiry for the Liberty 2½'s, the steady accumulation of which was the feature of the bond market, was accompanied by rumors that the next government war loan would be issued at not less than 4 per cent, which would automatically, under the law governing the present issue, advance its interest rate to the same figure. The bonds yesterday sold from 99.69 to par, and closed at 99.91.

PROFESSIONAL MEN SERVING WITH THE COLORS

(By Associated Press)

London, August 14.—The legal profession has contributed 2860 solicitors and 1370 articled clerks to serve with the colors. Thus far, 681 have figured in the casualty lists and 217 have been decorated for distinguished services.

ALL MEMBERS OF AFRICAN MISSION

New York, Aug. 14.—The party of 10 missionaries who were on board the steamer City of Athens, sunk by a mine near Cape Town, were members of the African Inland mission, which is inter-denominational. In addition to the 10, two children of the party, Mrs. Earl L. Camp, members of the party, were aboard the vessel. Charles E. Durburt, general director of the organization here, said that no word had been received as to the fate of the children.

The City of Athens sailed from this port July 12. Miss Helen Robinson, the American missionary drowned, was the daughter of Bishop John C. Robinson of the Methodist missions board of Africa, now in New York. Miss Robinson had been in the United States for about one year, attending an educational institute.

The Mr. Pointer mentioned in the state department dispatches, is J. D. Pointer, who was accompanied by his wife and two children.

Officials here of the Methodist board were advised early today of Miss Robinson's death in a cablegram from Mr. Pointer. The cable gave no details of the disaster and said:

"Landed safe, Miss Robinson drowned."

KEEP WINTER APPLES

Winter apples may be kept in the storage room in the basement of the house in outdoor storage cellars, or in banks or pits. Conditions suitable for the keeping of potatoes answer fairly well for apples. They demand cool, even temperatures; in fact they may be kept near the freezing point without injury.

When stored in the basement of the house they should be kept in barrels, boxes or crates, and placed under a window. When stored in banks or pits they should be handled in the same way as potatoes. It is a good thing to store small quantities in the basement storage room or in the cellar, and the main supply in the open air or in the cellar.

For further discussion of the storage of apples, see Farmers' Bulletin, 852 and 875.

FORMER CONCORD MAN KILLED IN ACTION

Concord, Aug. 14.—Allan Walker, 23, who until quite recently was employed at the New Hampshire State hospital, was killed in action last May, according to a list of casualties published in a newspaper in Scotland. Walker's brother, Leonard, has won the military medal.

HOW TO DRY TOMATOES

Wash and slice into pieces 1/4, or 3/8 inch thick. Place on trays, in one layer. Dry in sun, in oven, over kitchen stove, or before electric fan until leathery. Don't miss any step. Cut this out NOW and save it.

BORN AT THE HOSPITAL

To Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Donnelly, of Summer street, a son.
To Mr. and Mrs. John H. Wiseman, of Maplewood avenue, a daughter.

If you see or hear of a man looting take him and rush him to the Herald Office.

DR. GOODALL'S SPECIAL "AD"

FOR SALE at his office over Office Drug Store, four fine old oil paintings, one by an eminent Dutch painter; one by Goodall, English artist; not several fine engravings, and lithographs, also one fine Madonna by Raphael, one Beatrice D'Este. All at fair prices.
Also a few rare old stick pins, rings and charms.

Dr. E. B. Goodall, 18 MARKET ST.

\$5.00

Buys a Special Automobile Accident Policy.

Renewal rate \$5.00 annually.

FRED GARDNER

Globe Building

PORTSMOUTH FISH CO.

TELEPHONE 760

Cod,

Haddock, Halibut,

Fresh Mackerel,

Oysters, Clams,

Salt Mackerel,

Salt Herring,

Smoked Herring,

Slack Salted Pollock and

Codfish.

AUTO DELIVERY.

NEW FIRM WILL BUILD THIRTY WOODEN HULLS

(Continued from Page One)

Artificial equipment and application of compressed air will add to the efficiency of the yards in making it thoroughly modern and capable of best workmanship. Of the buildings to be erected the mill will be the largest, 350 feet long and 70 feet wide. The hold will be over the carpenter shop and will be two stories in height and will be of good size. There will also be an administration building, paint shop and others to meet requirements.

A mill, mean also the laying of a water-to-water and sewerage system. The employment of thousands for the period that the ships are under construction means a big undertaking in serving and protecting the workers who will include shipwrights, carpenters and ordinary workmen, assembled from the nearest points and some from far sections of the country. A hospital will be built capable of handling all emergency cases of accidents and sickness, with a physician and nurse in attendance. A fire department, among the employees will be another feature.

Officials who will take charge of the yards are men of wide reputation, skilled and capable of handling the task before them. George S. Hewitt will be general manager of the yards. Chester W. Smith, the constructing engineer, R. L. Doring, general superintendent and Horatio N. Douglas, master shipbuilder. These men have served in shipbuilding throughout the country.

The contract will result in the biggest industrial boom this part of the state has seen in years. There is already more work at the Portsmouth navy yard than can be comfortably handled and the diverting of further business to the state, which will mean permanent yards at Newington, will place New Hampshire well in front in the ranks of shipbuilding states.

ATTENTION STORER POST NO. 1.

Comrades are hereby notified that a full attendance is requested at the regular meeting, Wednesday, Aug. 14. The committee will make report of the trip to Boston and all the arrangements will be perfected for the C. A. R. Picnic in Boston, Aug. 18-22 inclusive. Post will leave headquarters at 7:30 p. m., Monday, Aug. 20. M. J. HILL, Commander. H. S. PAUL, Adjutant.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

Mr. W. E. Nicka having sold his ice business to Mr. J. W. Small, wishes to thank his customers for their patronage during the past ten years and solicits their continued patronage for Mr. Small.

W. E. NICKS.

THE LITTLE GEM CAFE

The Little Gem Cafe at No. 161 Vaughan street is now open for business. Everything neat and clean, and pleasant. Regular dinner from 12 to 2. One meal will convince you that this is the place to eat.

Read the Want Ads.

COLONIAL THEATRE

Twice Daily—Afternoons at 2.00, 10c, 20c; Evenings at 7.15, 10c, 20c, 30c.

Marcus Musical Comedy Company WITH MIKE SACKS

The greatest musical comedy company that ever played Portsmouth.

MEET TO DISCUSS CROP SITUATION

County Representatives Plan to Care for Overflow of Potatoes.

Concord, Aug. 14.—At least two representatives and in most counties three were in attendance at the meeting held in the office of County Agent Arthur Davis in White's opera house block yesterday to discuss the potato situation in the state.

With an increase of nearly 50 per cent of the potato crop in each county, there is an apparent overflow, and ways and means were discussed to market the surplus or to hold it for market.

A store-house in each county was suggested where all surplus product of the farmers could be housed, allowing him to raise, if need be, money from the banks of the state, to carry on his winter business rather than sacrifice his crop.

Among the speakers at the meeting yesterday was Commissioner of Agriculture Andrew L. Felker. The meeting was presided over by Roy W. Hunter of Claremont, president for the federated county farmers' association. The men were in session last night and will be again today.

CABLE STAFF CUT CABLE

(By Associated Press)

London, Aug. 14.—How the cable staff at Fanning Island patched up the cable which was cut by the men of the German cruiser Nürnberg, is told in the "Zodiac," the organ of the Eastern and Associated Telegraph Company, which says:

"The resources of a coral island in the Pacific are naturally slight, and the Germans had thought to clinch the matter by towing the severed ends of the cable far apart. But they reckoned without their hosts. Hugh Greig, a member of the Fanning Island staff, although entirely lacking experience in handling or repairing cables, undertook the temporary repair of the Fanning-Suva cable.

"As there was no grapple, he used an ordinary pickaxe. By this means and also by diving and working under the sea to secure the cable ends with ropes he managed to raise them to the surface. But they were still far apart, there was no possibility of bringing them together and no spare cable was available, to fill the gap.

"He improvised rafts made with planks and ordinary barrels and with the cable ends securely fastened to these made a connection between them with ordinary covered wire. It was across these rafts that Fanning spoke again to Suva transmitting the urgently awaited information of her requirements for complete repair."

CAPTURE REBEL LEADER.

Mexico City, Aug. 14.—The recent armed movement in the state of Sinaloa started in opposition to the taking of office of General Ramon P. Iturbide, recently elected governor, has been ended by the capture of the rebellious leader, Fernando Espinosa de los Monteros.

CIVIL SERVICE ESTIMATES FOR GREAT BRITAIN

London, Aug. 14.—The Civil Service supplementary estimates total £1,330,827 and include £300,000 for secret service, £529,556 for public education in Scotland and £384,000 for public education in Ireland.

SAME OLD CROWD

It does not seem to us that the average intelligence of congress was raised perceptibly when Miss Jeanette Rankin was elected to the house of representatives.—New York World.

Read the Want Ads.

WAR BOARD ISSUES SECOND CALL FOR DRAFT

(Continued from page One)

452—Arthur Lealeux, 24 Elm St., Newmarket, N. H.	162
355—Joseph Wilfred Cote, 12 No. Main St., Newmarket, N. H.	163
1843—Gay Eustace Caswell, Rye, N. H.	164
530—William Jean Provencher, Water St., Newmarket, N. H.	165
509—Walter A. Badger, 155 Maplewood Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	166
1114—John H. Winslow, 149 Islington St., Portsmouth, N. H.	167
1470—Ralph Jackson Hersey, 4 Dearborn St., Portsmouth, N. H.	168
515—Raymond Alvah Sargent, Newton, N. H.	169
215—Howard Hanson McCarty, Kingston, N. H.	170
620—Francis Gray, Newton, N. H.	171
1334—Gilbert Bradley Posey, 101 Congress St., Portsmouth, N. H.	172
550—Ralph Wilbur Sewall, Newmarket, N. H.	173
1611—Charles Amos Dame, Greenland Road, Portsmouth, N. H.	174
574—Fred Philomen Tureotte, Main St., Newmarket, N. H.	175
31—Elmer Austin Berry, Greenland, N. H.	176
1432—Irving Addison Davis, 273 Woodbury Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	177
1727—Herbert Warren Brewster, 103 Water St., Portsmouth, N. H.	178
2047—Claude Pugh, Seabrook, N. H., address Box 136, Newburyport.	179
981—Pescara Mario, 51 McDonough St., Portsmouth, N. H.	180
2968—Stanley Barger 341 No. Main St., Pawtucket, R. I.	181
2145—George W. Sims, Clarendon, Va.	182
312—Charles Oille Fry, Carthage, N. H.	183
620—Hugh B. Hope, 6918A, Michigan Ave., St. Louis, Mo.	230
1779—Alfred Carson Duran, 36 Lexington Ave., Haverhill, Mass.	171
1046—Stephen Daniel Hagerty, 24 Madison St., Morristown, N. J.	1471
501—Fred S. Cantrell, 185 Chestnut St., Lynn, Mass.	670
719—William Lee Jones, 224 E. 46th St., Cleveland, O.	141
75—Lewis L. Clapp, 12 Grant Ave., Haverhill, Mass.	232
2101—Charles F. Guggisberg, 1827 Bryant Ave., North Minneapolis, Minn.	146
852—Frank A. Hulsthor, 353 Mosholm Ave., New York City.	233
3330—Otto J. Klatt, 4355 A Laclede Ave., St. Louis, Mo.	146
356—Winthrop B. Lane, 4314 So. 23d St., Omaha, Neb.	146
845—Raymond A. McCab, Hastings St., Weymouth, Mass.	146
1616—Allen Seymour, 57 E. 18th St., New York City.	146
2933—Joseph Franklin Blake, 39 Arlington St., Everett, Mass.	146

CEYLON SPINNEY, Chairman. WILLIAM E. MARVIN, Clerk.

Date of posting of notice 13th of August, 1917.

Local Board for Division No. 1, For the County of Rockingham, State of N. H., Portsmouth, N. H.

NOTICE OF CALL AND TO APPEAR FOR PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.

The following named persons are hereby notified that, pursuant to the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, they are called for military service of the United States by this local board.

The serial number and the order number of each of such persons is shown below. They will report at the office of this local board for physical examination on the 20th day of August, 1917, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Any claim for exemption or discharge must be made on forms which may be procured, or the form of which may be copied at the office of the local board on or before the seventh day after the date of posting of this notice.

Your attention is called to the penalties for violation or evasion of the Selective Service Law approved May 18, 1917, and of the Rules and Regulations which may be consulted at this office.

Serial No.	Name	Address on Registration Card	Order No.
1848—Merton Adams Drake, Rye, N. H.	181		
1570—Guy Curtis Truman, 21 Columbia St., Portsmouth, N. H.	182		
1817—Ernest Andrew Spinnery, 99 Gates St., Portsmouth, N. H.	183		
1770—Allan Weare Sawyer, Plaislow, N. H.	184		
1882—Roland S. Faulkner, Myrtle Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	185		
677—Leon Marvin Knowles, North Hampton, N. H.	186		
748—Marela La Bonte, Westville P. O., Plaislow, N. H.	187		
1868—Perry Augustus Moulton, Rye, N. H.	188		
1509—Kenneth Francis Melonis, 528 Bennett St., Portsmouth, N. H.	189		
1211—John Richard Gamsater, 775 Austin St., Portsmouth, N. H.	190		
625—Nicholas Popas, River St., Portsmouth, N. H.	191		
1417—Peter Choppala, 13 Bartlett St., Portsmouth, N. H.	192		
1574—John Edwin Warburton, 191 Islington St., Portsmouth, N. H.	193		
2034—Robert Howard Gowen, Stratham, N. H.	194		
760—Napoleon Melchard, Westville P. O., Plaislow, N. H.	195		
1182—Elmer Nelson Wade, Kensington, N. H.	196		
56—Andrew Michelchuck, Greenland, N. H.	197		
1276—Henrick Blakey Laighton, 284 Rockland St., Portsmouth, N. H.	198		
1791—John Joseph Martin, 35 Charles St., Portsmouth, N. H.	199		
1956—Harry Andrew French, Seabrook, N. H.	200		
702—Edward J. Ahearn, 2 Autumn St., Portsmouth, N. H.	201		
6—Michael Francis Brennan, East Kingston, N. H.	202		
850—Lewis Joseph Cate, Main St., Newmarket, N. H.	203		
1550—Ralph George Adams, 290 Marey St., Portsmouth, N. H.	204		
64—Philip Lipsch, Greenland, N. H.	205		
870—William John Downing, 138 Hill St., Portsmouth, N. H.	206		
1714—Harry Tanton Wendell, 115 South St., Portsmouth, N. H.	207		
549—Dimitri Lechowick, 4 Elm St., Newmarket, N. H.	208		
1132—Ralph Whitney Barr, 32 Willard Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	209		
140—Edward Lambert, Lamprey St., Newmarket, N. H.	210		

CEYLON SPINNEY, Chairman. WILLIAM E. MARVIN, Clerk.

Date of posting of notice 13th of August, 1917.

Local Board for Division No. 1, For the County of Rockingham, State of N. H., Portsmouth, N. H.

NOTICE OF CALL AND TO APPEAR FOR PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.

The following named persons are hereby notified that, pursuant to the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, they are called for military service of the United States by this local board.

The serial number and the order number of each of such persons is shown below. They will report at the office of this local board for physical examination on the 21st day of August, 1917, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Any claim for exemption or discharge must be made on forms which may be procured, or the form of which may be copied at the office of the local board on or before the seventh day after the date of posting of this notice.

Your attention is called to the penalties for violation or evasion of the Selective Service Law approved May 18, 1917, and of the Rules and Regulations which may be consulted at this office.

Serial No.	Name	Address on Registration Card	Order No.
1456—George William Lamonde, 299 Bartlett St., Portsmouth, N. H.	211		
1574—George Eben Odiorne, Jr., 359 Marey St., Portsmouth, N. H.	212		
744—Claude Parmentier Holmes, R. F. D. 2, Newton, N. H., Plaislow, N. H.	213		
1054—John Paul Riney, 231 Hanover St., Portsmouth, N. H.	214		
1278—John George Korros, 104 Congress St., Portsmouth, N. H.	215		
711—Joseph William Carter, Plaislow, N. H.	216		
1022—William Penney, 16 School St., Portsmouth, N. H.	217		
841—Dennis Carey, 791 Maplewood Ave., Portsmouth, N. H.	218		
538—Ernest Wendell Pippin, Newton Junction, N. H.	219		
1032—Charles Penlis, 159 Congress St., Portsmouth, N. H.	220		
623—Earle Currier Ingalls, Plaislow, N. H.	221		
250—Gordon Malcolm Hayden, Newfields, N. H.	222		
585—George Albert Moore, North Hampton, N. H.	223		
1141—George Victor Boss, 756 Middle St., Portsmouth, N. H.	224		
314—Otis Cedric Odiorne, 68 Cabot St., Portsmouth, N. H.	225		
1018—Giorgi Paoli, 47 Langdon St., Portsmouth, N. H.	226		
1833—Mack Potter, 127 Washington St., Portsmouth, N. H.	227		
335—Edmond Bonchard, Main St., Newmarket, N. H.	228		
1130—Daniel Cullhane, 3 Bartlett St., Portsmouth, N. H.	229		
2005—Willie Edward Young, Seabrook, N. H.	230		
493—Oliver Morin, Newmarket, N. H.	231		
1358—Mihel Russell Shaw, 4 Chauncey St., Portsmouth, N. H.	232		
923—Charles W. Ham, 373 Islington St., Portsmouth, N. H.	233		
1305—William Chapin Murch, 140 Summer St., Portsmouth, N. H.	234		
341—John Fremont Brown, Newmarket, N. H.	235		
1007—Howard E. Obrey, 68 Hill St., Portsmouth, N. H.	236		
1754—Louis Freeman, 14 Jefferson St., Portsmouth, N. H.	237		
391—Paul Apollinaire Fortier, Elm St., Newmarket, N. H.	238		
1368—George Joseph Soule, Portsmouth Naval Hospital, Portsmouth.	239		

CEYLON SPINNEY, Chairman. WILLIAM E. MARVIN, Clerk.

Date of posting of notice 13th of August, 1917.

HOW TO DRY POTATOES

Wash and trim potatoes. Expose to the air as little as possible. Cut in slices from 1-3 to 3-8 inches thick, or into thin strips, or dice. Place in cheesecloth square or wire basket. Plunge into boiling water for from 3 to 5 minutes. Dip for a moment in cold water. Spread thinly on trays. Dry in oven, over kitchen stove, or before an electric fan until brittle. Don't miss any steps. Cut this out now and save it.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW

John Bishop of Concord, N. H., was a visitor here on Tuesday.

A. F. Straw of Peabody, Mass., was a visitor here on Monday.

P. W. Richardson of Arlington, Mass., was a visitor here on Monday.

Albert E. Locke of North Hampton was a visitor here on Tuesday.

C. R. Dunklee and family of Brattleboro, Vt., were visitors here on Monday.

Miss Flora Perham of Manchester is passing her vacation at North Rye Beach.

A. M. Herrick and sister of Worcester, Mass., were visitors here on Monday.

Fred Lucy of Laconia has returned to his home after visiting friends at Newcaste.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Garland of Manchester are passing two weeks at Ogunquit, Me.

J. C. Sterling and Miss Eva Sterling of Portland, Me., are passing a few days in this city.

Timothy Connors of Providence, R. I., was here on Tuesday to attend the Connors-Casey wedding.

Miss Elizabeth Young and Miss Sadie Morgridge of Manchester are passing two weeks at York Beach.

Miss Julia Costello of Washington, D. C., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Long of State street.

Albert Lane of Chocoma Village, a former resident of this city was here on Tuesday evening renewing old acquaintances.

Mrs. C. K. Whitcomb, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bullard and Miss Phyllis Bullard of Keene, N. H., motored to this city on Monday.

Herbert M. Kennedy of North Berwick, an old time telegraph operator, was here on Tuesday renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Underhill of Manchester are the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Underhill of Union street.

Mrs. James E. Ellis and daughter Bernadette of Boston, were called to this city by the death of Mrs. Ellis' mother, Mrs. Anthony Perry.

Philip Long, who is employed by the government in Washington, is passing a two weeks' vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Long of State street.

Mrs. Mary L. Wood, state chairman of the Woman's National Defense committee, gave an address at the Goffstown Opera House on Monday evening.

Mrs. Anthony Hansen and son Arthur of Perth Amboy have arrived to pass three remainder of the summer with the former's mother, Mrs. Dora Higgins of Jackson street.

MRS. MELISSA KIMBALL DIES, AGED 94 YEARS

Tilton, Aug. 14.—Mrs. Melissa Kimball, aged 94, the oldest resident of Northfield, died yesterday at the home of Mrs. Frank Sargent near Northfield Center, after a long illness. Until a few weeks ago she had been able to be about but then she fell and suffered a fracture of her hip. She had lived in Northfield for many years and was greatly loved by all who knew her. She was a member of the Congregational church. No near relatives survive. Mrs. Effram Streeter of Northfield is a cousin.

Read the Want Ads.

BOTTLED IN BOND

James E. Pepper Whiskey

Aged by Time are our excellent whiskeys. They represent the acme of distilling, blending and fermenting. Scientific methods are employed in the distilling of whiskeys truly worth while. Wines, liquors and beers. Deliveries prompt. Satisfaction guaranteed.

JOSEPH SACCO

252 Market St.

A. MUSTONE

115 PENHALLOW ST.

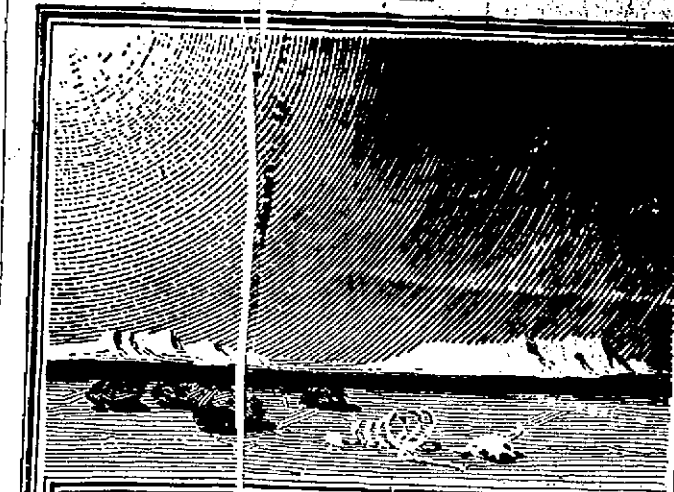
High Grade Wines and Liquors.

Ale and Lager on Draught.

Shooting Gallery

OPEN DURING DAY.

LEARN TO SHOOT HERE!



The white hot sun of the desert kills every living thing

YET a little moisture would make it blossom in plenitude, so that a whole race might thrive upon its products. Thus it is with almost everything known to man. Moderation is the big word, as all men of wisdom know. For 60 years Anheuser-Busch have been the brewers of Honest Old BUDWEISER—a brew of Barley-Malt and Saazer Hops—whose sales (because of its distinctive flavor) exceed all other brews by millions of bottles. When BUDWEISER is used with common sense it quickens the spark of human gentility and friendship. BUDWEISER'S name and fame cover the civilized world.

Victims to St. Louis are occasionally deceived to suspect our place—Anheuser-Busch—St. Louis, U.S.A.

William McGinnis

Distributor. 26 Bow St., Portsmouth, N. H.



GREAT Money Raising Sale All This Week

We still have a large stock of suits, coats, silk and wash dresses, skirts, waists, sweaters, raincoats and millinery on hand and marked them down to less than cost of materials. You will save money if you buy now.

THE SIEGEL STORE CO.,

57 MARKET ST.

The Store of Quality for the People.

These Packages Identify Especially Good Whiskey—

BONNIE RYE

Sealed Bottles Full Measure Every Swallow Makes a Friend

Distilled and Bottled by Bonnie Bros., at Louisville, Kentucky.

Andrew O. Caswell, Wholesale Distributor.

For Sale by

O. W. PRIEST,

JOSEPH SACCO,

HENRY P. PAYNE

CITY BOTTLING WORKS,



OTHER STATES URGED TO TRY PRESERVING

Washington, Aug. 13.—Latest reports to the U. S. Department of Agriculture through the field agents of the Bureau of Markets and Massachusetts, Ohio, Missouri, and Oregon to the list of 24 states in which canning and preserving should be carried on intensively in order to save waste of surplus perishable fruits and vegetables.

With reports from newspapers and Bureau of Markets agents as to the effect of the canning, preserving, pickling and drying information which is being published in newspapers indicate that the women of the Nation have promptly taken up this work.

The Nashville Banner, Nashville, Tenn., wires:

"We think you are covering the food preservation situation like a blanket. We are publishing all you send. Locally much interest is shown in canning, etc., and much work is being done."

The Newark Evening News, Newark, N. J., wires:

"No suggestions as to additional matter. We think everything reasonable and practicable as covered in matter you are supplying."

The Raleigh (N. C.) News and Observer wires:

"Do not think there is anything to add to press matter you have been sending. We are using it freely and it is doing good. See no need for special information here."

The Department's market representatives who are as follows:

Buffalo, New York. "From observations based on interviews and known facts we believe Department of Agriculture's propaganda has tended to increase consumption of perishables, particularly on products from home gardens, perhaps fifteen to twenty-five per cent, tending to stimulate consumption."

Philadelphia, Pa. "General statements of large retailers and chain stores would indicate that the demand for fruits and vegetables is greater than normally."

Cincinnati, Ohio. "The Department of Agriculture's propaganda to increase consumption of perishables is very noticeable in its effect from reports based on interviews with dealers and retail markets. All report considerably increased sales over last year notwithstanding higher prices. The increased demand for fruits and vegetables is due also to efforts of Committee for Food Conservation, Cincinnati War Council, who have established twenty-nine centers equipped with forty-nine canning outfits. Members are taught the proper methods of drying and preserving and reach at least ten thousand people directly and indirectly."

Somebody Has to Raise or Pack Everything You Eat DO YOUR SHARE

CAN OR PRESERVE SURPLUS PERISHABLES.

The Conservation of Food is a Vital Necessity under war conditions.

Make Every Jar Help Feed Your Family

For the benefit of the housewives we have been able to secure a series of folders on canning and preserving which can be had by calling at our office.

PORTSMOUTH GAS CO., Always at Your Service

FRENCH PRIEST AN EYE WITNESS OF BIG BATTLE

(By Associated Press)

French Front, Aug. 13.—The story of the capture of nearly a company of German troops who were trapped in the Dragon's cave near the famous Chemin des Dames when the French troops stormed and carried the German position along that historic road was told to the Associated Press correspondent the other day by Father P., a Franciscan priest, who, with a doctor brought the prisoners into the French rear lines. Father P. was acting as stretcher bearer to one of most celebrated regiments of the French army, the 152nd Infantry.

The Dragon's Cave is near the farm of Hurlerise, or what was a farm for it has now become nothing but a heap of bricks, mud and splintered timbers.

It is a small man, is father P., who when the war broke out was engaged on missionary work in Brazil. The call of his country brought him back to France, and although he is a native of the South of France he volunteered for service in the ambulance section of the 152nd, a regiment from the Vosges. He explained to the correspondent how on the day of the battle he had been detailed to go out and tend to the wounded, but not to advance beyond a certain trench, which was very near the most advanced French line.

When he got there he found no one. The French soldiers had gone forward with one bound right in the track of the curtain fire put up by the artillery and had reached the German trenches on the other side of the crest out of sight with miraculously slight losses. The priest and a companion looked about in search of wounded but could find no one. Then, thinking under the circumstances they were justified in obeying orders they climbed over the top of the trench and went further forward.

A little farther on they saw a German running around with his clothes torn and uttering cries for help. At the same time pointing to a hole in the ground where two men were gasping for breath. The priest went on thinking to find some more wounded men—perhaps men of his own regiment—but soon he saw they were Germans. At once he raised his crucifix in the air in the belief it would protect him, and he continued to advance. The Germans did not threaten him as he approached and soon he saw they were wounded.

On arriving to the entrance to what he had believed was a dug-out he found the hole went far into the side of the crest. He entered the Dragon's Cave still holding his crucifix before him and shouting "Ce n'est qu'un jeu!" Inside he found the hole spread out in all directions and that it was full of armed German soldiers. Four or five of them were officers and, under the impression some of them at first would understand French he called out in that language that he was a Catholic priest and that if there were any German wounded there he was prepared to administer the rites of the church.

One of the officers spoke to him, asking what he was doing there and what was going on outside. He informed him the French had made a long advance over their heads and had crossed the crest and that they had better lay down their arms, for they would either be killed or taken prisoners in any event.

The officers then held a discussion among themselves, at the end of which one of them with tears streaming down his face said he supposed they must resign themselves to their fate, but they could only surrender to an officer.

Father P. scribbled on a piece of paper a note to one of the French captains, which was handed to his companion who had remained outside the cave.

While the note was being carried to the French officer, a German doctor in the cave showed the priest the resting place of several German wounded. Among them was a Jesuit priest who was serving in the German army as a soldier with whom the French priest spoke in Latin. To the other wounded Germans Father P. gave the consolations of the church.

Afterwards and while awaiting the return of his messenger with the French officer, Father P. advised the German officers to disarm their men in order to avoid any possibility of misunderstanding. He himself superintended the operation, telling each soldier to discard every weapon he possessed, but that they might retain small pocket-knives.

A little later, just when the process of disarmament was being completed, a French officer—or rather a doctor—appeared at the mouth of the cave and the German officers surrendered their swords and revolvers to him.

Then began the exit of the prisoners through the narrow entrance and they were all marched through a communication trench back to French regimental headquarters with an escort composed only of the priest, his stretcher-bearing comrade and the French doctor. They were almost a company and their arrival caused considerable surprise at headquarters.

The little priest who always was a favorite in the regiment, with which he participated in all the hardships of fighting and in constant exposure to wounds and death, is now quite a hero. He never leaves the men to go on leave and did not even go to Paris when a detachment of the regiment was there to receive the decoration of the knotted cord in the colors of the military medal which has been conferred on it for having been five times mentioned in general army orders for bravery. The 152nd is the only regiment in the French army besides the Foreign Legion which has won this honor.

As a result of its good work at Hurlerise and on the Chemin des Dames further east, the Chemin des Dames is now almost entirely in French hands. The ladies for whom it was constructed would scarcely recognize it in its present condition, for there is not a foot of its length which is without a shell-hole and the whole of the sheltering trees which formerly lined its sides have all been torn away.

To discover why Hurlerise has attained such prominence one has to learn of its high importance as a military position. It forms the highest point on the crest along which runs the Chemin des Dames—the Ladies' Way.

The correspondent was able to note the peculiar value of this part of the crest when he went out to observe one of the many fights for its possession which have been waged since the French offensive began in April this year. From the southern side of the crest the way had to be made with eyes and ears alert and legs ready to jump into any near-by shell-hole to escape the splinters of high-explosive shells big enough to fell the most robust tree, which are poured into the valley at hazard by the German artillery on the other side.

The German gunners cannot see the effects of their fire since they have lost the best observation points—hence the constant fighting to regain possession—but they rarely cease their bombardment, their hope being to disturb and hinder the supplies coming up to the French on the front line.

A GREAT DISCOVERY
Little Doris is very polite. The other day she offered her aunt a share of her candy.

"Will you have a sugared almond, Aunt Mary?" she asked sweetly, at the same time tendering the bag.

"Thank you, I will," replied the old woman. And as she was particularly fond of what she ate, she selected a white one.

"Auntie," said little Doris, "do you think the difference between the white and the pink and white almonds?"

"No dear," said auntie with a kindly smile.

"Well, I'll tell you," explained Doris. "They were all pink once, and I sucked them all pink once. I do it nicely!"—The Youth's Companion.

LARGE AMOUNTS OF FOODSTUFFS BEING DRIED

Washington, Aug. 13.—Reports received by the U. S. Department of Agriculture from States where there is a surplus of perishable vegetables indicate widespread activity not only in canning and pickling, but also in drying large amounts of foodstuffs.

The drying of fruit and vegetables has suddenly sprung into popular favor wherever the shortage of tin cans and the inability to secure other types of containers has made itself felt.

From Nebraska comes the news that in several counties community drying plants have been put into operation and are working successfully.

Connecticut reports that a number of clubs have been organized for community drying. A representative of the Department who has just returned from the northeast brings word that in New York, New Jersey and Massachusetts extraordinary preparations are under way for conserving perishable foodstuffs, and that large quantities of fruits and vegetables are being dried as well as canned.

In Kentucky 35,000 women and girls are enrolled in the emergency campaign and meetings have been held and drying demonstrations conducted in every county in the United States.

Experts of the Department of Agriculture are continuously at work experimenting with methods of drying. Difficulty in securing a market is holding back drying on an extensive commercial scale, but the methods for the home drying of perishable fruits and vegetables have been developed to such a degree as to insure success if carefully carried out.

Samples of perishable fruits and vegetables dried in the laboratories of the Bureau of Chemistry are being shipped to practically every State in the Union for exhibition purposes.

Detailed instructions concerning different methods of home drying are published in Farmers' Bulletin 831, entitled "Drying Fruits and Vegetables in the Home." This bulletin, which contains recipes for cooking the dried products, may be obtained free upon application to the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

TO CAN SWEET CORN
(In the North and West.)
Washington, D. C., Aug. 13.—Can as soon after the corn is gathered as possible. Remove husks and silk. Blanch by placing in boiling water for two minutes. Remove and dip quickly into cold water. Cut the corn from the cob and pack directly into hot jars or cans to within 1-1/2 inch of the top. Pour in enough boiling water to fill the container. Add one level teaspoonful of salt to each quart. Put rubber rings and caps of jars into position but do not tighten the wire clamps. Seal the cans completely.

Place containers on a false bottom of wooden slats or wire mesh in a vessel of water deep enough to completely cover the containers. Keep the water boiling for three hours.

Remove the jars; tighten covers; invert jars to test seal, and cool (not in draft, as jars might crack).

The cans may be placed in cold water for rapid cooling.

After the containers are cool store in a dark, cool place.

Rapid preparation for canning is especially desirable for corn if a good quality of product is to be obtained. The best results can be secured when one person cuts the corn from the cob and another fills the containers.

If it is necessary for one person to work alone she should cut off sufficient corn to fill one jar, pour on boiling water, add salt, place the rubbers and caps in position and put the jar on container into hot water at once. The extra cooking which will be given to the cans first filled will not be injurious and a better product will be secured than if the cut corn were allowed to stand until all jars were filled.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. For burns, scalds, cuts and emergencies. All druggists sell it. 40c and 60c.

The Portsmouth Herald publishes the news, both foreign and local when it fits.

FOR SALE—Some very good show cases and wall fixtures. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—Model 1917, 8-cylinder Peerless roadster. Cost \$2450 last Nov. Will sell at a great reduction. Reason for selling, leaving for war. Address "Peerless," Herald Office. he 1w 411.

FOR SALE—House of three rooms, small farm, barn, hen house and hay yard wired in for three hundred hens; new and a half land with apple, pear, plum, peach, quince trees and grape vines. All planting has been done. Five minutes walk from schoolhouse. Apply to C. H. Miller, Durgin's Lane, off Woodbury Avenue, Portsmouth, N. H. he J 9, 11.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—One block house, 43 Water street; twenty-three rooms, all modern improvements, electric light, gas, hot water and Queen's hot water heater. Suitable to have store in front; has been used as barber shop. Can be made into three flats. Suitable for lodging house and has been used as such for three years. In an old stand. Apply to Mrs. C. G. Asay, 1 Sherburne Road, Farm Heights, near the trotting park; or apply to Charles O. Asay, 21 Daniel street, barber. ch 1w 49.

FOR RENT—A large front room for two gentlemen; board if desired; 107 State street. he au 3, 1w.

TO LET—Three newly furnished rooms with latest improvements, 147 State street. Tel. 658W. he au 1, 11.

TO LET—In Portsmouth, a furnished house, six rooms, bath, furnace, gas, porch. Address Box 173, Kittery Point, Me. he au 1, 1w.

TO LET—A furnished room on Lincoln Avenue for male occupancy. Inquire Chronicle-Herald Office.

TO LET—Tenement of 4 rooms at Haven Court. Apply at this office. he au 1, 11.

TO RENT—A large front room for two gentlemen; board if desired; 107 State street. he au 3, 1w.

FOR SALE—Model 1917, 8-cylinder Peerless roadster. Cost \$2450 last Nov. Will sell at a great reduction. Reason for selling, leaving for war. Address "Peerless," Herald Office. he 1w 411.

FOR SALE—House of three rooms, small farm, barn, hen house and hay yard wired in for three hundred hens; new and a half land with apple, pear, plum, peach, quince trees and grape vines. All planting has been done. Five minutes walk from schoolhouse. Apply to C. H. Miller, Durgin's Lane, off Woodbury Avenue, Portsmouth, N. H. he J 9, 11.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—One block house, 43 Water street; twenty-three rooms, all modern improvements, electric light, gas, hot water and Queen's hot water heater. Suitable to have store in front; has been used as barber shop. Can be made into three flats. Suitable for lodging house and has been used as such for three years. In an old stand. Apply to Mrs. C. G. Asay, 1 Sherburne Road, Farm Heights, near the trotting park; or apply to Charles O. Asay, 21 Daniel street, barber. ch 1w 49.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

You Get RESULTS From Them

Just Phone 37 3 Lines 40c 1 Week 40c

TRY ONE TODAY AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED

WANTED

WANTED—Young man to work in lunch room at Beach; must be over 18, neat and quick; salary \$13 a week and time off. Apply in person at Maker Lunch, Hampton Beach. he au 13, 1w.

WANTED—Drivers for American Express Co. Apply American Express Co., B. & M. Station, City. he au 13, 1w.

WANTED—All-around Ford auto repair man; must know his business. Apply by letter or in person to F. H. Brooks, Ford Agent, Portsmouth. he au 13, 1w.

WANTED—An experienced waitress at Sinclair Inn. he au 13, 1w.

WANTED—Will give two housekeeping rooms to married couple in exchange for work. For particulars call at 147 Congress street, next door to Y. M. C. A. he au 1, 1w.

WANTED—In Exeter, a live boy or girl to gather news for the Portsmouth Herald. Address The Herald, Portsmouth, N. H. ch 11, 1w.

WANTED—In Newmarket, a live girl or boy to gather news for the Portsmouth Herald. Address The Herald, Portsmouth, N. H. ch 11, 1w.

GIRL WANTED—One familiar with typewriting and some ability to canvass. Address Business, Herald-Chronicle Office.

FOR RENT—The third floor over Chas. W. Green's store, next to A. G. Brewer's Bldg. Also the basement. The upper floor would make an excellent photograph gallery or the shop. Inquire at this office. he m 27, 11.

FURNITURE MOVING—Box local and long distance, with heavy auto truck and handlers of long experience. Prices moderate. The Portsmouth Furniture Co., cor. Deer and Vaughan streets, near B. & M. depot. he au 1, 1w.

BEFORE HAVING YOUR COAT BROKEN call on L. W. HOYT, Horse Trainer. Horses broken to harness and saddle. Boarding, baiting and sale stable. Special attention and box stalls for winter boarders. Winter boarders driven or not. Central Sq. Stable, Lock Box 2, So. Berwick, Me. Tel. 45. he au 1, 1w.

TO LET—Two rooms, one large, one suitable for two persons, gentlemen preferred. Inquire at 33 School street. he au 13, 1w.

TO LET—Tenement of six rooms; rent \$10.00. Apply at this office. he au 1, 1w.

TO LET—Sept. 1, three newly furnished rooms in new home; best location in city. Address R, this office. he au 1, 11.

TO LET—Three newly furnished rooms with latest improvements, 147 State street. Tel. 658W. he au 1, 11.

TO LET—In Portsmouth, a furnished house, six rooms, bath, furnace, gas, porch. Address Box 173, Kittery Point, Me. he au 1, 1w.

TO LET—A furnished room on Lincoln Avenue for male occupancy. Inquire Chronicle-Herald Office.

TO LET—Tenement of 4 rooms at Haven Court. Apply at this office. he au 1, 11.

TO RENT—A large front room for two gentlemen; board if desired; 107 State street. he au 3, 1w.

FOR SALE—Some very good show cases and wall fixtures. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—Model 1917, 8-cylinder Peerless roadster. Cost \$2450 last Nov. Will sell at a great reduction. Reason for selling, leaving for war. Address "Peerless," Herald Office. he 1w 411.

FOR SALE—House of three rooms, small farm, barn, hen house and hay yard wired in for three hundred hens; new and a half land with apple, pear, plum, peach, quince trees and grape vines. All planting has been done. Five minutes walk from schoolhouse. Apply to C. H. Miller, Durgin's Lane, off Woodbury Avenue, Portsmouth, N. H. he J 9, 11.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—One block house, 43 Water street; twenty-three rooms, all modern improvements, electric light, gas, hot water and Queen's hot water heater. Suitable to have store in front; has been used as barber shop. Can be made into three flats. Suitable for lodging house and has been used as such for three years. In an old stand. Apply to Mrs. C. G. Asay, 1 Sherburne Road, Farm Heights, near the trotting park; or apply to Charles O. Asay, 21 Daniel street, barber. ch 1w 49.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A fine motorboat, 30 ft. 5 in. in length, 7 ft. 5 in. wide, fully equipped including toilet. Will sell reasonably. Address T. D. Elks Home, or this office. he au 13, 1w.

TYPEWRITERS of all makes for sale and to rent. The Typewriter Store, Dover, N. H. he 17, 11.

FOUND

FOUND—Wednesday evening on Islington street, near Goodwin Park, ladies hand bag. Owner can have same by calling at 358 Islington street. ch 1w 411.

York Beach

THE CRAWFORD HOUSE

CAFE
CLEAN ROOMS, \$1.00 DAY UP.
HOME COMFORTS.

Regular Dinners.
Shore Dinners.

THE CLOVERLEAF

HOME OF FARWELL'S KISSES

And the Popular
Cloverleaf Corn Cakes.

Farwell's
York Beach, Me.

THE ATLANTIC—Rooms day or week, \$1.00 up. Special by week \$2.00. Two hundred more rooms today.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE

Portsmouth, Dover and York
Street Railway.
SUMMER TIME TABLE
In Effect July 2, 1917.
(Subject to change without notice)

PORTSMOUTH
For Eliot and Dover—6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55, 11.25 a. m. and every half hour until 6.55 p. m. Then 7.55, 8.55 and 10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

*Runs to Rosemary Junction when there are passengers.
For South Berwick—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every half hour until 9.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For Kittery and Kittery Point—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every half hour until 10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor, York Beach via Kittery and Kittery Point—6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55 a. m. and every half hour until 6.25 p. m. Then 7.55 and 9.25 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For York, Village, York Harbor, York Beach via Rosemary—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 9.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

Granite State

Fire Insurance

Company

Of Portsmouth, N. H.

Paid up Capital

\$200,000

OFFICERS:

Calvin Pease, President
Joseph O. Hobbs, Vice President
Alfred P. Howard, Secretary
John W. Emory, Asst. Sec.

Automobile

Insurance

Collision and Fire

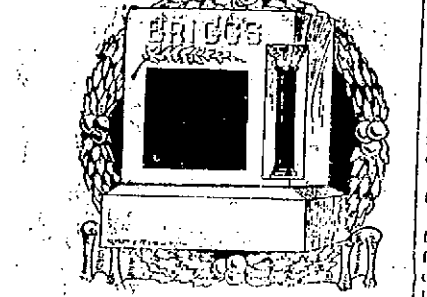
Best Form of Policy

Issued

John Sise & Co.

3 Market Square
Portsmouth, N. H.

A. TRAFTON,
200 Market St., Portsmouth
HORSESHOEING AND JOBBING.



If you place an order for a Granite Monument with us we do not order it of a manufacturer, but we manufacture it right here at our plant, which is equipped with the most modern machinery operated by electric power and is the only plant so equipped in this section. We carry the largest stock of finished monuments and tablets of any city east of Boston. Call and see the variety of designs we carry.

Fred C. SMALLEY,
CORNER STATE & WATER STS.
Also Dover, N. H. Opp. City Hall.

STANTON'S GARAGE

44 Hanover St.

If your Car needs repairs let me estimate the expense of overhaul.

Quick Service and Reasonable Charges

Personal Supervision of All Work.
A First-Class Service Station.

44 Hanover St.
FRANK M. STANTON, Proprietor.
Tel. 662W.

Do You Throw Your Money Away?

If you do not, save it by bringing your old clothes to us to be renewed and repaired. We can many times give you an extra year's wear out of a suit you consider hopeless. Our cleaning department is as near perfection as scientific knowledge and modern equipment can make it. In our dyeing department we make a specialty of turning out work at two days' notice.

SUSSMAN'S DYE HOUSE
129 Penhallow St. Tel. 103

Chas. W. Greene
FIRST CLASS SHOE REPAIRING
Shoes Made to Order, Guaranteed
A Full Line of Shoe Findings
Laces, Arches, Patches, Buttons, Etc.
577 State St.,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Opp. P. O.

Decorations
FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS
50c WEDDINGS AND FUNERALS

R CAPSTICK
1000 STREET

A. Thurston Parker

SUCCESSOR TO
OLIVER W. HAM

122 Market St.

Funeral Director and
Licensed Embalmer.

Phone at Office and Residence.

Lady Assistant provided when required.

Telephone 598 for
FINEST
COLLAR WORK
in New England.

We have the "Last Word" in collar machinery and guarantee to "Make Good."

CENTRAL
STEAM LAUNDRY
Pleasant Street.

LOST
Dress Suit Case

Last November, a petty officer in the Navy left a dress suit case in a store on Daniel street, or in the vicinity of Market Square. Will the party recalling the incident and having the suit case call The Herald?

J. VERNE WOOD

Funeral Director and
Embalmer
OFFICE AND ROOMS
13 Daniel St.

Telephone at Office and Residence. Call 241 Day & Night. Lady Assistant when requested.

Will You Give a Book to Cheer Our Soldiers?

"YOU CAN DO YOUR BIT" I F I F I

by bringing any volumes you can spare from your own collection to The Public Library, to be forwarded to Army Camps, the Front and the Hospitals.

Magazines Not Over Two Years Old Will Be Welcome

B. & M. RELEASED FROM THE STREET PAVING ORDER

(Continued from Page One)

paving matter was held at the private session the arguments of the attorneys, George Hughes of Hughes and Doe of Dover representing the Railroad, and City Solicitor Emery representing the City, the reasons for the vote cannot be made public.

The meeting opened with Councilmen Raynes, Gray, Kirkpatrick, Wendell, Paterson, Sullivan, Humphreys and Dickey present.

The petition of Mr. Brooks was read asking permission to erect a garage, service station, and others on Richards avenue on land lately purchased by him through Dr. Pickering.

Mr. Emery, representing residents of the street, presented their claims of protest and also presented two petitions, one signed by a number of the residents and the other by members of the Miller avenue Methodist church, protesting against the granting of the petition as invading a strictly residential district and causing damage to property values, and increasing insurance rates.

Other speakers against granting the petition were Judge Calvin Page, and Amon O. Benfield, abutters to the property.

Mr. Brooks spoke to the council urging that the garage would increase taxation and benefit the city.

After considerable discussion and some question it was voted on motion offered by Councilman Raynes, to lay the petition on the table until the next meeting. Councilmen Raynes, Gray, Kirkpatrick, Wendell, Paterson, Humphreys and Dickey voting in the affirmative. Councilman Sullivan voting "no."

Councilman Gray presented a resolution ordering the city to grant the request of the Boston and Maine that they be excused from the order of Mr. Hodgson to pay Middle street from Congress to Lincoln avenue between their rails. On motion of Councilman Raynes the resolution was passed.

A petition from Ralph F. Ham and others for an extension of the water main on Maplewood avenue for a distance of 150 feet was read and accepted. No other action was taken beyond a motion of the council, passed on motion of Councilman Raynes, asking that the Board of Public Works report an itemized account of the expenditure of the \$300 appropriation for the extension of water mains which was intended to take care of this construction.

On motion of Councilman Raynes the Board of Public Works was authorized to transfer from funds unexpended, the sum of \$300 to a special fund for the purchase of a pair of horses for work of the board.

A resolution was passed on motion of Councilman Raynes ordering the city treasurer to draw a check for \$1000 payable to C. Boylston Adams, executor of the Anna Fields estate on receipt of the \$6000 trust fund to the city for "a boys and girls high school." This is in order of the settlement of the dispute between the city and the estate, the city agreeing to accept \$5000 of the fund rather than carry the matter through the courts as the estate asserted that the city was not legally entitled to the fund as there was no such institution in the city as the fund was intended to serve.

OBSEQUIES

The salary and payroll for the month, amounting to \$3726.34 was ordered paid on motion of Councilman Sullivan.

Hills approved by the auditor to the amount of \$3530.74 were ordered paid on motion of Councilman Gray.

A resolution ordering the auditor to approve the salary of Mr. Alley, sealer of weights and measures for the two months between the passage of the ordinance which removed him from office and his reappointment, as he had continued to perform the duties of the office, was passed on motion of Councilman Gray.

The transfer of funds from the contingent fund of \$400 to the Health department for caring for two families, which had been quarantined by the department, and of \$250 to the weights and measures account was approved on motion of Councilman Kirkpatrick.

The meeting adjourned to the call of the chair on motion of Councilman Paterson.

OBSEQUIES

Mrs. Catherine Perry
The funeral of the late Mrs. Catherine Perry was held from the Church of the Immaculate Conception at 8 o'clock this morning and was attended by many friends and relatives of the woman who they loved and respected in life.

Rev. John P. Moran offered high mass of requiem for the repose of her soul and the members of the secular choir of the church rendered the musical portion of the service. Interment took place in the family lot in St. Mary's cemetery under the direction of W. P. Miskell, D. J. Conlon, Charles Hurley, Michael S. Hurley and P. D. Kane acted as pallbearers.

Mrs. Elizabeth E. Swain
The funeral services of Mrs. Elizabeth E. Swain were held from the home of her daughter, Mrs. G. Ralph Laighton, 660 Middle street Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. Alfred Gooding pastor of the Unitarian church officiating. Interment was in the family lot in Pine Hill cemetery, Dover, under the direction of J. Verne Wood.

Mrs. Lizzie A. Kidney
The funeral of Mrs. Lizzie A. Kidney was held from Parker's chapel on Market street Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, Rev. C. La V. Brine officiating. The remains were taken to Dover, N. H. for interment under the direction of A. T. Parker.

ANNUAL MINSTREL SHOW.
"A Holiday in Dixieland" will be presented by the Farragut Walters Minstrels at the Casino, Rye Beach, on Thursday evening, Aug. 23, to consist of songs, dances and Plantation melodies. A special donation will be made to the Red Cross.

GOLF TOURNAMENT.
The annual Abenagol golf tournament will be held at the Abenagol club, Rye Beach, on Aug. 30, 31 and Sept. 1.

CANNING DEMONSTRATION.
At High school, Wednesday at 2.30 p. m. Corn, tomatoes, shelled beans, beets, peaches, plums. Everybody welcome.

Read the Want Ads.

WEDDED IN THE PRESENCE OF MANY FRIENDS

Miss Nora Catherine Connors Becomes the Bride of Robert James Casey.

The Church of the Immaculate Conception was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Tuesday morning at 9.30 when Miss Nora Catherine Connors, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Connors of this city became the wife of Robert James Casey, son of Mrs. Mary A. Casey.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. Alex Sullivan, P. R., in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives of the contracting parties. The musical program was furnished by the senior choir.

The bride was attractively attired in a dress of white Georgette crepe over China silk, bead trimming,ulle veil caught with orange blossoms.

The bridesmaid was Miss Mae B. Connors, sister of the bride, who wore a dress of sapphire blue Georgette crepe over silk, silver trimmings, leghorn hat trimmed with white lilies and silk.

The best man was John M. Connors, brother of the bride.

Following the impressive church service, the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, No. 735 Millington street where a reception was held, nearly 100 friends of the contracting parties being present to participate in the festivities.

An appetizing wedding breakfast was served, the menu consisting of chicken salad, lobster salad, cold ham and tongue, rolls, olives, ice cream, assorted cake, fruit and coffee.

The popularity of the contracting parties was attested by the wedding gifts which comprised silverware, glass in profusion, as well as many useful and appropriate articles.

The newlyweds left on the early afternoon train on their honeymoon which will include Newburg, N. Y., Washington and Norfolk, Va.

The bride's traveling dress was old rose satin, gold trimmings, white milan hat, feather trimmings.

At the railroad station there was a large gathering of friends and they were liberally showered with rice and confetti.

The bride has for a number of years been employed at M. G. Koye's store as a clerk and was deservedly popular with a large circle of acquaintances.

The groom who is a chief pharmacist in the U. S. navy, at present stationed at Norfolk, was formerly at the local navy yard and during his stay in this city made many friends.

They will reside in Portsmouth, Va., and start their new life under the most favorable auspices, hosts of friends wishing them a long, happy and prosperous married life.

THE HERALD HEARS

That there is a rush of mechanics of all kinds for the shipbuilding plant.

That the calamity howlers in Portsmouth will not be heard for some time to come.

That we have all heard that no wooden ships would be built here owing to no mechanics of the trade being available.

That this is all knocked in the head and there will be no shortage for the present at least.

That a Portland man named Ingalls, fell asleep on the steps of a dance hall at Salisbury Beach.

That he snored so loud the people complained of his noise and had him arrested.

That people who heard the Portland snorer say the "groaner" in the harbor did not have a thing on him.

That a woman recently gave some time in painting a picture of the city hall.

That the Warner house on Daniel street has been opened for the remainder of the summer.

That Newburyport is complaining of numerous cider drunks who have been lapping up the apple juice in the cider mills in Newbury.

That generally a man is proud of his wife, but this cannot apply to the suffragette white house pickets.

That a vote of thanks is due the city when the paving is started on Daniel and Middle streets, and two votes when the job is completed.

That the men with tango toes barred from the citizens' army will remember the old story about paying the soldier.

That the employees of the Concord

postoffice were surprised on Monday when they saw a strange man making marks on the granite.

That after marking several pieces he said they were in the wrong place and should be shifted.

That his actions aroused the police who looked him over and found that he had been chasing pink spiders.

That the total collection for the hospital made on Tag Day is \$1,494.36.

LOCAL DASHES

Yello automobiles. C. E. Woods, Bow street.

Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch, Tel. 133.

The future for Portsmouth looks very bright at the present time.

The summer visitor is very much in evidence on our streets nowadays.

The dancing kids, Cummings and Higgins, New Castle dance, Thursday evening.

Much of the goldenrod along the highway and byways is now in full bloom.

Fruit, ice cream, variety goods and groceries at Lafayette Store. Open evenings.

Sheehan's social dance, Thursday evening, at Moose Club hall. Uniform men welcome.

Antique furniture restored and upholstered. Hair mattresses renovated. Margeson Bros. Tel. 570.

The recent rains have caused the gardens throughout the city to have a greatly improved appearance.

The summer season is now at its height and both hotels and cottages along the seashore are well filled.

Lobsters and fresh fish of all kinds, caught by our own boats, fresh every day. E. Jameson & Sons. Tel. 245.

The Portsmouth street railroad had a lively business on Sunday, two and three cars being run on each trip on the Rye and Hampton line.

WANTED—To buy a house in Portsmouth. Send number and street, price and full particulars to G. B. Box 363, City. he au13, 4t

Residents of Madison street fire complaining of the practice made by many bicycle riders, who prefer the sidewalks in preference to the street.

Riding on the sidewalk will sooner or later cause some of the parties guilty of the offense to face the court.

COSTLY JOY RIDE.

Portland Sports Had a Merry Time But Were in Wrong.

A delegation from Portland escaped from the dry zone on Monday and came to this city to pass a few hours at the local thirst quenching fountain. They hooked up to the musties and had a merry session with mixers and servers.

The party was in the nature of a joyride and if the joy was not with them coming up they had plenty of it when the time came to go back.

The police gave them the once over and thought they had too much speed. The officers talked to Charles (loud), who appeared to be the chaperon and further investigation revealed the fact that Charles was shy for a motor car license. They took him in and the court look \$32.60 from Charles for running over the line without the necessary papers bearing the New Hampshire seal.

LATE CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE HOSPITAL

Grand Total of \$1,494.36 in the Tag Day Collections.

Additional contributions on the occasion of Tag Day for the Portsmouth hospital are the following:

Check of \$35 from a friend, and \$8.39 from the Dover Point toll bridge, making a total of \$1,484.36.

FOOD PRESERVED BY OUTDOOR STORAGE CELLARS

Outdoor storage cellars or caves are excellent for the storage of many late vegetables. Vegetables can be more conveniently placed in such a cellar than in the storage room in the basement of a dwelling.

The proper type and construction of such cellars vary with the geographical location. In the southern portion of the country the structure is usually entirely above the ground and protected by only a few inches of sod and with straw, leaves, etc. In northern sections, outdoor cellars are made almost entirely below the ground and covered with sufficient earth supplemented by straw, manure, etc. to prevent freezing.

Sent for Farmers' Bulletin \$17 and \$79, free of charge, issued by the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. These give full details of how to store in mild and severe climates, and how to make various types of outdoor storage banks, pits, etc.

UNDER CONSIDERATION

Several applicants for subs in the fire department are under consideration by the board of engineers.

WANTED AT ONCE.

Married man to drive auto, must know something of garage work; must be steady, reliable man; good wages. Apply at this office.

FREIGHT CARS LEAVE TRACK AND TIP OVER

Driver in Car Escapes Injury in the Accident.

Two freight cars being moved by a yard switching engine on Monday afternoon left the rails at a point near the Kraus, Millette plant and tipped over. The cars were loaded with beer and ale shipments but no damage resulted to the packages. James Whitney, a truck driver for the Portsmouth Brewing Company was in one of the cars at the time but he escaped without a scratch.

The Portsmouth wrecking crew was called and worked until 9 o'clock clearing the tracks.

WILL SUCCEED DRIVER MABY IN FIRE DEPT.

Frank A. Amazeen, for several years a member and captain of Engine 2, will succeed James Maby, as driver in the fire department who has handed his resignation to the board of engineers. Mr. Maby will later be employed at the new ship building plant.

UNCLE SAM'S THRIFT THOUGHT FOR TODAY

Peanut Soup
A delicious and nourishing soup may be made from skim milk and peanut butter as follows, says the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Heat 1 pint of milk until lukewarm. Add two rounded tablespoons of peanut butter mixed to a smooth paste with a little of the milk. Salt to taste. Thicken with 1 teaspoonful of butter or savory fat mixed with 1 tablespoonful of flour. Bring almost to the boiling point and serve.

WE PREFER HEALTH-BREAD

The Boston Transcript is just as chipper as ever and after two days' abstinence from white bread—Syracuse Post Standard.

Manchester is advocating a public market. Why not one for this city?

SOUTH ST. RESIDENCE For Sale

Modern new house in best location in the city; living room 18½ x 24, dining room 14x16, pantry 6x14, large kitchen, screened in piazza 10x20; 5 chambers and 2 bathrooms; all hardwood floors, furnace, gas, and electricity; lot 90x300.

Owner leaving city; this is an opportunity to secure an ideal home such as is seldom offered.

BUTLER & MARSHALL

5 MARKET ST.

For Sale

Cottage house, six rooms and bath, hardwood floors, electric lights, furnace heat

PRICE, \$2500.

Look into this. It's cheap.

FRED GARDNER

Glebe Building.

Made in the light by men in white.

All cans and utensils sterilized with live steam. The sanitary factory of Portsmouth.

Miss S. J. Zoller of Boston

ELECTRIC NEEDLE SPECIALIST
Removes Superfluous Hair.
Will be at Hair Dressing Parlor of Mrs. Ida A. Nelson, 4 Glebe Building, August 11. Phone Appointments There.

WANTED

75 GOOD LABORERS.
For Building construction. Pay 35c per hour. Time and a half for overtime. Long job. M. F. Kelly, Emergency Hospital, Navy Yard. Phone 1305.



We are handing out some "smart stuff" in men's shirts and ties. Big assortment for selection in both lines. All the newest ideas of both shirt makers and tie makers are shown. Bates St. shirts featured for a high grade line. With stiff cuffs or semi-negligee, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00. With soft cuffs, \$1.50 to \$5.00 in madras, mercerized and pure silk fabrics. Ties, 50c to \$2.50.

Henry Peyser & Son

Selling the Togs of the Period.

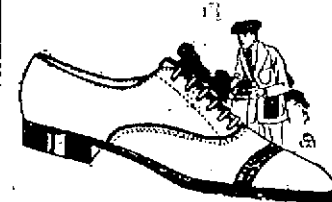
FRANK W. KNIGHT SHOE TALKS

10 Market St.

"SHOES OF QUALITY"

Portsmouth

Safe of Men's Oxfords



We have announced this sale from the more fact that having reduced certain lines of desirable oxfords will be encouraged many men to take advantage of the opportunity to buy more than one pair. The street and sport oxfords predominate.

Extra Value

Blacks and Russets

Price \$4.00

MIONE SOAP

Machinists, Painters, Automobilists, Engineers and Mechanics should use this Soap for removing all stains, grease and paint from the hands.

This Soap is very useful for scouring pots and pans.

PRICE 10 CENTS

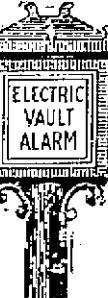
For a large tin box.

PRYOR-DAVIS CO.,

THE OLD HARDWARE SHOP,

Tel. 509.

36 Market St., Portsmouth



UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY ORGANIZED 1824

Investigate Our Facilities and Service

You are invited to call and see for yourself what facilities we have for the transaction of your banking business. We take much pride in pleasing our customers and meeting their requirements promptly and efficiently. Checking Accounts are solicited.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

PORTSMOUTH, N.H.

OLYMPIA TONIGHT 7.00-9.15

Our Personally Selected Subject

"THE GIRL GLORY" WITH ENID BENNETT

MARGUERITE CLARK IN
"THE FORTUNES OF FIFI"

RUTH ROLAND IN
"THE NEGLECTED WIFE"